Victoria Daily Times.

VOL. 28. VICTORIA, B.C., SATURDAY, JANUARY 28, 1899. NO 120.

SILVERWARE THAT SELLS

We always try to have the latest articles and designs in silverware. At present the demand is for CHAFING DISHES. These dishes are made in hard nectal and are now being very extensively used. See our stock.

Challoner & Mitchell,

Phone 675 The Jewellers, 47 Government Street.

The Westside Sale

The Success of the Season

The reason for the great success of the Westside sales lies in the fact that everything is as represented and the hundreds of customers that take advantage of the opportunity of purchasing high class dry goods at ridiculously low prices are witnesses to the fact.

The Unusual Interest

taken in the sale this year is on account of lower prices than ever having been made in order to accomplish the object in view, viz., the reduction of stock to a certain figure before the new Joint Stock Company takes over the business early next month.

Ask for Circulars giving full Particulars of this Great Sale.

The Westside, Jan. 27, 1899. J. Hutcheson & Co.



That Coat

Don't fit. It is like cash compared with long credit. You can't wear men's clothes until you have grown to manhood; neither can you economize and pay long prices.

ASPARAGUS TIPS	25c
CREAMERY BUTTER, per lb.	25c
PAIL JAM (5 lbs.)	50c
FRENCH PRUNES, per lb.	5c
EASTERN HERRINGS, per box	25c
FINNAN HADDIES, BLOATERS, KIPPERED HERRING	

Dixi H. Ross & Co.

The Tempering of It

The Furnace of Experience—The goods we sell have been wrought out on the anvil of quality and in the furnace of experience and are the very best that good workmanship and superior materials can manufacture. Any line of hardware we carry, from plows to embroidery scissors, we can recommend as good material. —— etc.



Nicholles & Renouf, Ltd.

Cor. Yates and Broad Sts., Victoria, B.C.

CITY "K" BOOTS

Having Soles of Anhydrous Waterproof Leather are the most healthy, comfortable and durable wear for Autum and Winter. In addition the CITY "K" BOOTS have an exceedingly handsome appearance.

The Victoria Shoe Co., Ld

VICTORIA, B.C.

J. PIERCY & CO.

Wholesale Dry Goods

SHIRT AND CLOTHING MANUFACTURERS.

Full lines of Winter Underwear, Clothing, Top Shirts, Fur Robes and Fur Caps.

25, 27, 28 and 29 Yates St. - - - VICTORIA, B.C.

TO LET Furnished, for Six Months, "SCHUHUM"

The Residence of H. BOSTOCK, Esq., Belcher Avenue. Brick dwelling with all modern conveniences; electric light; heated by hot water etc.; stabling; 3 acres of garden; fine view of straits. Apply 40 GOVERNMENT STREET.

THAT COUGH Will succumb to LONDON HOSPITAL COUGH CURE

John Cochrane, CHEMIST, N W. Corner Yates and Douglas Sts. 50c. a bottle

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR RENT—A five-roomed cottage. Apply to Mrs. McLennan, Catherine street.

WANTED (by young Englishman)—Employment in any capacity. Apply E. B. F., Domulon Hotel.

FOUND—A purse containing money. Apply at 14 Cadboro Bay road.

"GENTLEMEN'S NIGHT" at Temperance Hall to-night; best male singers, instrumentalists and elocutionists the city affords. Don't forget. Come early to get good seats. Admission only ten cents.

LOST—Irish setter dog, 16 months old and very large. Finder returning same to 57 Fort street will be rewarded.

APPLES, APPLES, APPLES, from 75c. to $1.00 per box, all in first-class condition; call early to secure same. Sylvester Feed Co., Ltd., City Market. Telephone 413.

UNION BREWERY DEPOT, 150 Government street.

VICTOR BICYCLES—Model 1899 received. Call and see it at the agency. J. Barnsley & Co., 119 Government street.

CLEAN COTTON RAGS WANTED at Times office.

COAL AND WOOD — Baker & Colston, wharf and office, Belleville street, James Bay; telephone 407; city office, Swinerton & Oddy's, telephone 491.

C. M. COOKSON—First-class plumbing, gas, steam and hot water fitting, cor. Broad and Johnson streets. Tel. 674. Jobbing promptly attended to.

COAL, $5.50 PER TON—New Wellington collieries. Kingham & Co., agents; office, 44 Fort street; telephone call 647.

VICTORIA THEATRE.

EXTRA! EXTRA!
Return Engagement, Two Nights Only.
Tuesday and Wednesday,
JANUARY 31st AND FEBRUARY 1st.
Grau's Opera Co.
TUESDAY NIGHT,
"OLIVETTE"
And a host of novelties—"Lou, Lou!" Kentucky Babe" and "Bob Up Serenely."
WEDNESDAY NIGHT,
A Monster Bill.
The 4th act from
"MARTHA"
The Sextette from
"LUCIA"
And the Entire Opera in 3 Acts of
"FRA DIAVOLO"
A powerful chorus. Grau's own orchestra.
Popular Prices: 25, 50 and 75 cents.
Sale of seats opens at 9 o'clock Monday morning at the Victoria Book & Stationery Store.

MINING REPORTS, Working Estimates and Superintendence.

JAMES BRADY, M.E., The Balmoral, Victoria, B.C.

A very desirable Copper Property for sale.

WILLIAM F. BEST

ASSAYER AND ANALYTICAL CHEMIST

(Heidelberg and Leipsig). Late analyst for the Province of New Brunswick. Office, Board of Trade building, Victoria, B.C.

Balsam of Aniseed

The reliable remedy for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, etc., prepared by

HALL & CO., DISPENSING CHEMISTS. Clarence Blk, Yates and Douglas Sts.

COMOX COKE

FOR BASE-BURNERS

Equal to Pennsylvania Anthracite.

HALL, GOEPEL & CO., Telephone 83.

To Watchmakers, Jewellers, Etc.

As the firm of Lange & Co., 86 Douglas street, Victoria, B.C., is about retiring from business, they offer at a very low price a large stock of materials (both watchmakers' and jewellers'); also the tools necessary for carrying on and connected with the trade. There are still some Diamonds and Gold and Silver Watches left from the stock, and can be purchased at very low prices.

AUCTION

Under instructions from Mr. Dwyer, I will sell at his store, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, at 2 p.m.,

On Monday, January 30

A well assorted fresh stock of Groceries, Store and Gas Fixtures, Tea and Spice Chests, Cash Register, Counters, Refrigerator, Fine Combination Safe, Coffee Mill, Counter and Platform Scales, Horse, Harness and Wagon. Terms Cash.

W. JONES, Auctioneer.

A CROAK FROM CROKER

The Boss of Tammany Hall Talks About the American Policy of Expansion.

He Would Oppose It If It Meant an Alliance With Britain or Any Other Power.

New York, Jan. 28.—Richard Croker, discussing the subject of expansion last night, said: "We have civilized this continent, which, one might say, only a century ago was a primeval wilderness, inhabited by savages as unpromising at least as the Filipinos. What people but the American people could have done this? I have faith in America's capacity to do anything that any other nation can do, and to do things that no other nation can do."

"What would you think of an alliance with Britain, or any other power, to carry out the American policy?"

"Foreign alliance, no. I am opposed to such alliances, and so far I know the sentiment of every man in the political organization to which I belong is opposed to them. I will say this, that my mind is perfectly open to consider events and conditions as they may develop, and if at any time it appeared that expansion meant alliance with Britain or any other European power, I would be opposed to expansion.

NEW GOVERNOR FOR CUBA.

New York, Jan. 28.—It is announced on excellent authority that the President has decided to remove General Brooke, military governor of Cuba, and appoint General Leonard in his place. The news will be hailed with delight by the Cubans, who have not been pleased with General Brooke's stern methods.

Every one must see daily instances of people who complain from a mere habit of complaining.—Graves.

The Post-Intelligencer correspondent when in Victoria interviewed Mr. Turner on the Alien Mining Bill, and thus reports him:

"What do I care particularly if your people do get the most of the outfitting? That is not what I am working for. Our firm wants the business of these prospectors (aliens) when they get north We have large interests in the Atlin country, and were preparing to increase our store supplies there when this exclusion proposition was passed Now it is mostly all gone."

CLERGYMAN'S SAD DEATH.

Revelstoke, B.C., Jan. 28.—Rev. Frank A. Ford, vicar of the Church of England, who met with an accident at Albert Canyon yesterday, died at Revelstoke hospital at 11 o'clock last night. Deceased was very popular with all, and his death has cast a gloom over the community.

Deceased yesterday visited Beaver, and on the return journey got off at Albert Canyon to see some friends. He attempted to get on board the train as it was moving out of the station, but fell between the platform and the cars, the wheels of which ran over his right leg just below the knee. The agent stopped the train and the unfortunate gentleman was put on the train and brought to the hospital here, where the doctors found it necessary to amputate the limb.

CANADIAN BRIEFS.

Kingston, Jan. 27.—Wm. Ferguson, sheriff of Frontenac, died this morning aged 95. Death was due to old age. Mr. Ferguson sat in parliament from 1863 to 1867.

Ottawa, Jan. 27.—The charges of political partisanship against officials of the Chambly Canal are to be investigated by Mr. G. A. Matternel of the of the railway and canals department.

Germany's discrimination against Canadian cereals is figured out to be as high as 13 cents per bushel. The exports to Germany have never been great.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

COWEN'S

"Rose Maiden"

—IN—

INSTITUTE HALL,

Wednesday, Feb. 1st, at 8:30

—BY—

CHORAL UNION

—AND—

Orchestra of 20 Performers.

Soloists: Miss Sophie McNiffe, Mrs. J. D. Helmcken, Messrs. Cave, Kingham, Goodwin and Barton. Conductor, Mr. W. Greig.

Reserved seats at Lombard's.

PROF. KAUFFMANN, from Chicago—Piano, violin and mandolin. Room 77, Five Sisters block. Office hours, 2 to 4 p.m. Best references; moderate terms.

LATEST LONDON GOSSIP

Great Britain Determined to Uphold Her Proud Title of Mistress of the Waves.

The Earl of Meath's Patriotic Scheme to Form a Second Line of Volunteers.

London, Jan. 28.—The weather in England during the past week has been bright and frosty. London, however, has been devoid of social events, but with the opening of parliament and the early drawing rooms of February there are promises of a revival of gaieties.

The Queen does not start for Cimiez until March 9, but preparations are already being made for her trip to the south of France. Large quantities of special furniture were dispatched to Cimiez from Windsor this week.

The Duke and Duchess of Connaught are spending the winter in Italy. They are now in Rome, where they had an audience with the Pope. King Humbert is to give a dinner and court ball in their honor, and the United States ambassador, General W. F. Draper, will also give a fete, at which the leading American and English residents will be present.

A sister of Lord Curzon of Kedleston, the Hon. Margaret Georgina Curzon, was married on Thursday to an Irish gentleman named Walter in the picturesque Norman church at Kedleston. Among the wedding presents was a grand piano from Lady Curzon.

Senor Rafael Inglesias, president of Costa Rica, leaves England next week for Paris, where he will stay three weeks and then go to New York and Washington. The president said Costa Rica welcomed the American project of building the Nicaragua canal, and added that Costa Rica would freely give the necessary land.

Queen Victoria is taking a keen interest in the recent developments of the ritualistic controversy, which is approaching a crisis. She is much concerned about the dissentions in the church and has expressed a strong desire that an understanding should be arrived at between the government and the bishops before the proposed legislation, which places a check upon ritualistic practices, is introduced. Her Majesty has been in communication with the Marquis of Salisbury on the subject. She has always taken an active personal part in the administration of crown and public patronage, and contributes liberally from her private purse to nearly all charities on behalf of the poor clergy and their families. While it is a noteworthy fact that she has never contributed to any foreign missionary society, her occasional attendance at Crathie Presbyterian church, which she helped build, gave offence to High Church papers, one of which characterized her broad religious spirit thus exemplified as a "deadly schism," and unconstitutional. Recently, however, the services at Balmoral have been held in the private chapel.

The visit of the Bishop of Winchester, the Right Rev. Randall Thomas Davidson, D.D., to Sir Wm. Vernon Harcourt is considered significant and attributed to a desire of the Queen to endeavor to

Arrange a Compromise

acceptable to both sides, the Bishop of Winchester being a particular confident of Her Majesty in church matters. The chief event of this week has been the dismissal of the two curates of St. Agnes church, Liverpool, by the bishop, in consequence of a complaint of their pulpit advocacy of auricular confession.

The remains of the late Earl Poulett have been buried in the family vault in the parish church of Hinton St. George. Great crowds were present in view of the expected presence of the so-called "organ grinder claimant," but the people were disappointed, as the claimant, who now styles himself Earl Poulett, did not attend, being seriously ill and weak as a result of an attack of acute rheumatism.

Great excitement prevails in the little Somerset village of Hinton St. George, where the estate lie, on a report that the claimant will take forceful possession of the net annual rent roll of £14,340. The land has been in possession of the family for hundreds of years. Hinton House is an ancient pile within a park of 1,200 acres with broad lawns and pastures and majestic timber. The late earl tried to sell the whole property about five years ago, and negotiations were opened with several American millionaires. The price asked was £3,000,000. The collection of artistic treasures is very extensive and includes examples of Van Dykes, Murillo, Rubens and Rembrandt. The sum of £10,000 was offered and refused for one picture.

Sir Thomas Lipton, owner of the America Cup challenger, has arranged with Mr. Peter Donaldson, owner of the yacht Isolde, to represent him on board the yacht which will defend the cup.

Lively scenes have occurred at Bristol in connection with the Mormon propaganda there. Elder Herbert L. James, of Salt Lake City, heads the mission. An anti-Mormonite league has been formed and its members

Attack the Meetings of Mormons.

The police consequently are obliged to guard the mission house. Violent anti-Mormon posters have been displayed in the streets and a mob smashed every window in the mission house at the last meeting and hooted, stoned and spat upon the elders when they emerged into the streets. Two women missionaries were compelled to seek refuge in a police station. Elder James expects a serious disturbance at the next meeting.

The record number of British warships is now building, amounting to 119 vessels, ranging from the heaviest battleships to tiny torpedo boat destroyers. The figures are 16 first-class ironclads, 36 cruisers, 14 sloops and gunboats, and 53 torpedo boat destroyers. The armored ships, which are being built at a cost of over £26,000,000, number 28. The number exceeds by two the entire Russian fleet of battle ships, and treble the number of armored vessels in the American navy. The whole of the ships will be added to the effective strength of the British navy by March, 1900, while the first lord of the admiralty, the Hon. George J. Goschen, in two months' time, will ask the House of Commons for credits to still further strengthen the British fleet.

The Earl of Meath comes forward this week as the pioneer of a scheme of military drill for all lads between 13 and 18 years of age. A committee called the British Brigade Council has been formed to carry out the plans, and Field Marshal Lord Wolseley, the commander-in-chief of the forces, General Lord Roberts of Kandahar, the commander of the forces in Ireland, and a number of other prominent men, have written in support of the movement, which is intended to create a sort of

Second Line of Volunteers.

The war office will be asked to provide a capitulation grant for these cadet battalions. The Earl of Meath anticipates enrolling two hundred thousand lads, who will eventually be converted into a useful trained reserve, so that in future, in the time of emergency, the government will have to hand hundreds of thousands of young men already qualified to enter the ranks of the regular troops.

In an interview, after referring to the Russian danger, the earl said: "Though at present we are on the friendliest terms with the United States, it must not be forgotten that in Canada we have an enormous tract of more or less vulnerable frontier adjoining the United States."

DIDN'T WANT A GUIDE.

Helena, Mont., Jan. 28. — Tom Salmon, former president of the Red Lodge Miners' Union, who killed Superintendent Connor of the Rocky Fork coal mine for discharging him, was hanged yesterday at Red Lodge. Salmon refused to accept scriptural consolation, saying that he wanted "no minister, priest or skypilot to show him the road to heaven." His last words were: "If any of you follow my body to the cemetery do not uncover your heads and take the chance of getting pneumonia. It is a barbarous custom." Salmon was a well-known labor leader in several northwestern States.

ACTION AGAINST SIR M. BOWELL.

Sued for the Price of a Floral Wreath Sent to Sir John Thompson's Funeral.

Ottawa, Jan. 28. — A case which will create considerable talk and discussion when it comes to trial has been entered in the High Court of Justice here. When Sir John Thompson was buried at Halifax, Sir Mackenzie Bowell, acting premier, and his colleagues sent a floral wreath purchased from Mr. W. B. Davidson, florist, Montreal, as a mark of respect and esteem from his "devoted colleagues." The flowers were imported from New York and the wreath cost $900. The wreath was said to be a personal gift from the ministers and the account was not included in the sum of $25,000 which was submitted to the government for the state funeral. The ministers did not pay the amount and the present government, on being asked to do so, refused, on the report of Mr. Louis Coste, chief engineer of public works, who said that the wreath was ordered by him at the request of Sir M. Bowell. Action is now taken in court against Sir Mackenzie personally for $900 and interest, making $1,141 in all.

LUCKY MASONS.

Seattle, Wash., Jan. 28.—Among passengers on the steamer Cottage City from Copper River was W. C. Bruce, formerly of Tacoma, who said:

"After getting into the interior we found there were some sixty Masons in the country, and we at once decided to form an association for mutual benefit. One of the members of the association stumbled across a small creek in his wanderings and began to prospect. Inside a week he took out over $200 in gold. He came at once to Masonic headquarters at Copper Centre and told the members of the finding. Masons went out and staked a claim for every member. The Masonic Creek is sure to pay big money."

KILLED AT A FIRE.

New York, Jan. 28. — The family of George Brown, of Norwood, L.I., was awakened early this morning by fire. Mrs. Brown and five children got out, but the man lingered for a last search. When he attempted to go down by the stairs he found the flames had licked them up. He rushed to a second story window and jumped. His body turned as he fell and he struck on his head, instantly dying.

THE EGAN COURT-MARTIAL.

Washington, Jan. 28.—Colonel Davis, the judge advocate of the Egan court-martial, was engaged to-day in going over the record of the proceedings. Officially nothing as yet is known of the nature of the verdict of the court. The papers will not come before the President before February 5th.

DIED AT 114.

Albany, N.Y., Jan. 28.—The vital statistics department of the state board of health received the death certificate of a woman 114 years of age at the time of her death. The name of the deceased was Margaret Falonand. She died at Ledyard, Cayuga county. She was born in Ireland and came to this country 45 years ago.

FIGHT IN A PARIS THEATRE.

Paris, Jan. 28.—During a performance of "The King of Rome," yesterday evening there was considerable excitement, and blows were exchanged.

The proper means of increasing the love we bear our native country is to reside some time in a foreign one.—Shenstone.

There are many Christians who are satisfied to live on crumbs, when God wants to give them the whole joint.—W. Arnot.

Never abandon the high grounds of "Right" for the lowlands and swamps of "Expediency." No man was ever lost in a straight road.—T. L. Cuyler.

WE ARE CAREFUL

Campbell's Prescription Store.

WE ARE PROMPT



OUR XMAS GOODS Have arrived.

Prescriptions Put Up Day or Night.

Finest line of Toilet Articles in the city.

FLOWING TIDE IS WITH THEM

Largest and Most Enthusiastic Meeting Ever Held in the City Heartily Endorses the Government.

Splendid Reception to the Candidates and Speakers at the Victoria Theatre Last Night.

Hon. Joseph Martin Explains the Pivotal Nature of Alien Exclusion Act in This Campaign.

Turner's Petty Attempt at Bribery Exposed---Mr. Henderson Challenges His Statements.

Mr. Bodwell Explains the Railway Policy of the Turner Administration.

Mr. Gregory Denounces the Land Policy of the Late Government in Unqualified Terms.

In striking contrast with the meeting held in the same building by the supporters of the opposition was the immense gathering of last night, at which the heartiest and most enthusiastic endorsement was given of the government. The building was packed from floor to ceiling and standing room only was obtainable quite early in the proceedings. Around the door there was an immense throng and many were unable to obtain admission.

And it was an enthusiastic meeting. The reception accorded the candidates was something to be proud of and speaks well for the chances of success for the government on Thursday next. The music furnished by Finn's band added much to the attractiveness of the proceedings, although it seemed quite unnecessary that music should be employed with the object of arousing the enthusiasm of the audience, for from the commencement to the end of the meeting the applause was frequent, and the many excellent points made by the speakers were emphasized with demonstrations of approval.

Mr. Alex. Henderson, of New Westminster, had a most flattering reception and won the sympathy of the audience from the outset. His excellently made reference to Mr. McPhillips as "a born orator" and the definition of that term by a southern colonel created roars of laughter and the audience cheered again and again during the address of the representative of the Royal City.

The meeting went with a "click," and although it was 11 o'clock before it broke up the audience were not wearied, but expressed a desire to hear the labor representative, Mr. Ralph Smith, and no doubt would have remained quite willingly to listen to other speakers. This was in marked contrast with the weariness displayed at the opposition meeting, when the audience thinned out to a considerable extent long before the programme of the evening was gone through.

It was a magnificent demonstration of popular approval of the government's policy and proved beyond all possibility of doubt that the popular candidates are Messrs. Gregory, Paterson and Stewart.

Those who occupied seats on the platform were:

Hon. J. Martin, Hon. Dr. McKechnie, Hon. F. Hume, J. D. Prentice, M.P.P., C. E. Tidall, M.P.P., F. J. Deane, M.P.P., Alex. Henderson, M.P.P., A. W. Neill, M.P.P., R. F. Green, M.P.P., C. Munroe, M.P.P., J. M. Martin, M.P.P., Ralph Smith, M.P.P., Percy Brown, J. W. Dwyer, P. C. McGregor, D. Harris, W. Wilson, Thos. Burns, Mr. Chapman, A. B. McNeill, J. Stuart Yates, D. Cartmel, W. J. Hanna, J. McMillan, L. G. Crimp, A. L. Belyea, Perry Mills, C. H. Holland, M. Muir, J. B. Lovell, Dr. Lewis Hall, Ald. Humphrey, J. Kingham, Ald. Brydon, W. T. Haslaker, A. Huggett, J. Taylor, Capt. Blanchard, J. Bell, Mr. Thyle, B. Smith, L. P. Duff, O. Warner, G. W. Bodley, Mr. Mortin, Mr. Tippens, C. E. Renouf, T. J. Brown, W. J. Ledingham, J. T. McIlmoyl, J. Jardine, J. Boscowitz, J. Giscome, T. Tubman.

In the boxes and in the orchestra chairs there was a large number of ladies, and the members of the gentle sex were not behind in their appreciation of the speeches or in the expression of their agreement with the views advanced.

As the curtain rose, disclosing the platform crowded with the leading supporters of the government, while the band played the National Anthem, a volume of applause rolled up from the audience. Hon. D. W. Higgins, who occupied the chair, when the applause had subsided, rose and said:

"Ladies and gentlemen, in the absence of Mr. George Riley, that well known political warrior, the duty of presiding over this meeting, which literally crowds the theatre from pit to dome, devolves upon me. I hope you will listen patiently to the addresses upon a crisis in the affairs of this province. I think you will agree with me that it is in the interests of Victoria to return three government supporters. (Applause.) The government is one that will do justice to all and to every interest and every man in this province. (Cheers.) I venture to say that there will be no large monopolies drawing extravagant grants of land from this government, and at the same time spending very little of their money here, as has been the case in the past." Referring to Mr. McPhillips's wail about "the master of the hounds," Mr. Higgins said it reminded him of a story of a college class who had as preceptor a very eminent "bugologist." The class determined to have a joke with him, and taking the legs off one bug and the head off another, they stuck them on the body of a third, and taking it to the professor asked him to classify it. The old man looked at the bug carefully, and remarked: "Yes, gentlemen, I can classify it. This is a humbug." (Loud laughter.) He thought that when the electors were told that the government party, most of whom were old residents of the province, were going to bring ruin upon the country, they could reasonably put it down as a humbug. (Laughter.)

He introduced as the first speaker

ALD. STEWART,

the announcement of whose name was received with a burst of applause. With characteristic modesty he said he would not occupy much time, owing to the fact that there was a long list of speakers and some of them were very eloquent.

He proposed to very briefly review the reasons why he was a supporter of the government. The first was that in spite of the charge by the opposition that the members of the government were not entitled to occupy their present position it had been shown that the people supported them. The "great railway policy" of the opposition had been made much of. The British Pacific scheme had been the special inducement offered by them four years ago and most of the people of the city had been deluded by that proposition. The speaker was one of those who was not, although he was in favor of the construction of as many railroads as are necessary.

The opposition claimed to be anxious to induce the investment of foreign capital in the province, but they were in favor of levying a tax upon such capital, the mortgage tax being calculated to deter investors from bringing their capital to British Columbia.

The Alien Exclusion Act commended itself favorably to the speaker, who, although not a native born, considered himself as much a British Columbian as anyone. He quoted the Seattle Post-Intelligencer, which opposed the measure formulated by the government for the protection of British subjects, and contended that such legislation was worthy of the utmost commendation.

A letter had been published in the Colonist saying that although the government candidates were all right the man to think of was the Hon. Joseph Martin, who was objected to. It was also said that that gentleman had deprived some government employee of his pay when he was laid off by sickness. Mr. Stewart quoted an instance of an engineer employed on the E. & N. railway who was injured one day about 1 o'clock in the afternoon and who found when he went for his weekly pay that his salary had been "docked" from the very hour at which the accident occurred. "Messrs. Turner, McPhillips and Hall may be all right," said the speaker, "but the man to consider is Mr. Dunsmuir."

Mr. Stewart warned his hearers against the untrue statements circulated by the opposition, saying that they were men who were grasping at straws in the hope of saving themselves from political extinction. One of those false statements was that the government intend to cut down the representation of Victoria in the House, for which there is absolutely no foundation. He urged upon the electors of the city the necessity of returning supporters of the government at the approaching election, in order that Victoria's interests might be well looked after.

Mr. Stewart resumed his seat amid loud applause, and a very enthusiastic round of cheers greeted the chairman's announcement of the next speaker,

MR. E. V. BODWELL.

Mr. Bodwell said in opening that he felt the honor of addressing such a large audience. As the campaign progressed the great interest which was being evidenced by the public was a source of great gratification to the government party. This was the case because the platform of that party would bear the closest scrutiny and would commend itself to the public, and was sufficiently good to render it unnecessary for their supporters to decry the opposition party.

But the government party was not always free from trouble. In the absence of Mr. Riley on Monday evening the speaker had occupied the chair, and had taken occasion to refer to the constitutional question. He thought at the time that he was speaking with becoming respect of the editor of the Colonist, but he found that he had reckoned without his host. (Laughter.) Amid loud laughter he read that paper's comments upon his remark that the question was one for lawyers to decide. In that item they had the horse of the drayman, the tin-pail of the workman and the priceless boon of British liberty blended in one harmonious whole. If that peroration could be hitched upon one of Mr. McPhillips's addresses it would impart a warmth and glow to them which they now sadly lacked. (Laughter and applause.) He had used the term "a lawyer's question" in referring to the matter, but he had not said it was a question for lawyers alone to deal with. By the term "lawyer's question" he meant that it was one which had to be settled by precedent. There were difficulties in the way. There were questions of fact which had to be settled. For instance, it was stated that when the ex-Attorney-General went for the Governor asking for his signature to the warrants, and His Honor refused to do so, he threatened to sign them himself. Now he wanted to know if that was actually the fact. It was also stated that blank warrants had been smuggled in among the rest, and the signature of the Governor sought to be secured in this way to documents he would not otherwise sign. Was that true? He wanted to know if that was a fact. He for one did not like to approach a conclusion until he had been satisfied on these questions of fact. (Applause.)

It had been said that the Governor had stated that the Turner administration had lost the confidence of the people. That the people knew to be the fact. (Cheers.) The Turnerites were appealing to the people of Victoria and he was very much mistaken if the people would not repeat their verdict. But Mr. Turner had contended that the Governor could not know that the government had lost the people's confidence. These were matters which made the question a "lawyer's question." "I hope I will never be understood again as saying that this is not a question for the Colonist editor to deal with," continued Mr. Bodwell. He will do so anyway, for if he had not the facts he always had a vivid imagination to fall back upon, and if that should fail there was always the precedent of the province of New Brunswick to appeal to. (Loud laughter and applause.)

But the reign of the adventurer and of the unscrupulous promoter was at an end, and the workingman, the miner, the investor, the business man—everyone of these, he had no doubt, would discuss this matter with the editor of that paper. (Loud applause.)

Mr. Bodwell then passed to the insinuation of the Turnerites that he (the speaker) had been paid by Mr. Corbin to travel up and down the country to attack the late government. He didn't think that the people of British Columbia would believe that he would for money side with any political party or attack any government. But for the edification of these people he might say that Mr. Corbin had nothing whatever to do with his action in the late campaign. But what did they mean by that attack? There was a history behind Mr. Turner's action which was a lasting disgrace to that gentleman and a proof of his inefficiency. (Applause.) His hearers would remember that a resolution opposing the incorporation of the Kettle river railroad had been passed by the Turner government. As a matter of fact that road was designed to open up the rich country of southern British Columbia to afford a competing line to the C. P.R., and to give the only reasonable means of access to it by the merchants of Victoria. Whether Mr. Turner acted from wilfulness or ignorance he was equally culpable. That country is expected shortly to give an annual production of ore amounting to $12,000,000. As early as 1895 the promise of that country was so hopeful that it was believed railway promoters would, without aid, build railways into the country. But a shining luminary, a forceful, far-seeing man of wonderful hypnotic power (applause) came to British Columbia and saw that the Boundary country was good and succeeded in getting a charter. It was understood at the time that no grant was to be made. But Mr. Heinze came to Victoria, a dinner was provided at the Driard house, and shortly afterwards the government gave him a bounty of 20,000 acres of land as a subsidy. (Applause.) But Mr. Heinze did not at once build, but waited to see if the construction of the road would be a paying proposition. But so great became the necessity for that road that Mr. Corbin, who never asked a charter for a mile of road which he didn't build, came forward and asked the privilege of building into the Boundary country without any subsidy. Had that charter been granted it would have been completed this year, it could have been operated cheaply, and would have been extended eventually to the coast, and afforded competition for Victoria to that country against the C. P.R. As the matter stand the C.P.R. has that country tied up, and his hearers knew enough of that road to know that the C.P.R. would never permit the city of Victoria equal freight rates with their own city of Vancouver to a country which they controlled.

But at the same time as he was opposing the Corbin charter Mr. Turner was doing his best for the Columbia & Western. Mr. Turner had said that the construction of the Corbin road would lead to the introduction of American goods. If that were correct it would have aided the C.P.R., who bring more American goods into Canada than any other line except the Grand Trunk railway. Equally false was his contention that it would lead to the shipping and smelting of the Boundary Creek ores outside of Canada, because these ores could never be smelted profitably outside of the Boundary country. If Mr. Turner would meet him on any platform in Victoria he would prove that his policy was not only a reckless one in the extreme, but calculated to destroy the supremacy of the city which had returned him to power. (Prolonged applause.)

COLONEL GREGORY.

Lieut.-Col. Gregory received a splendid ovation, and commenced by the expression of his regret that he was not gifted with the power of speech necessary to enable him to deal with the important issues of the election. He considered they were of the utmost importance to the electors, and although his time was limited he would briefly review some of them.

Mr. Gregory made a splendid point when, referring to Mr. McPhillips's statement that he would undertake to introduce a measure to change Mr. Gregory's name to that of Hon. Joseph Martin, he said that there were two very good reasons why Mr. McPhillips never would introduce any such measure; first, that he was not going back to the legislature; and, secondly, that the opposition had no wish to meet a second Mr. Martin, one being all they could handle. The allusion by Mr. McPhillips to Mr. Martin as the master of a pack of hounds was an insult to every member of the government party; the fact was that if there were any hounds they were the members of the opposition, who were snarling at the heels of the government.

The constitutional question was what the opposition said they were going to discuss. They said, "wait until the House meets," and then they said, "wait until Mr. Turner comes back," and yet they had not ventured to bring it up. Now they said, "wait until the Dominion parliament meets and we will show you how we will turn the government out." How much longer was the opposition going to wait before dealing with the question about which they had said so much and made so many threats?

Mr. Turner had said that the government party were conducting their campaign on falsehoods, but that gentleman should be the last to make any assertion of that kind. There were sufficient instances which could be quoted to prove that Mr. Turner had deliberately misled the people of the province. On November 4th, 1896, for example, when the Kootenay miners were alarmed by the proposal to put a tax upon the output of the gold mines and asked why a tax was put on the coal mines too, Mr. Turner replied in a telegram to the Bank of British Columbia at Nelson that there was already a charge of 2½ per cent. on the value of the coal, when he must have known that the tax did not apply to the only mines which were producing any coal. Then Mr. Turner said contract had been made with Mackenzie & Mann for the construction of the Teslin railway, when it was a fact that the contract was no contract at all, but was simply a conditional agreement dependent upon the subsidizing of the road by the Dominion government. That was another instance of Mr. Turner's rigid adherence to the truth. But there were others. Take the instance of the revision of the statutes, which, he said, would only cost $25,000, and that that sum would cover the whole expense, denying that it was the intention to pay that sum to the late Hon. Theodore Davie. That revision and the binding had cost $51,000, whereas in Manitoba the work of revision had been done at a cost of $15,000.

Then there was the charter mongering of Messrs. Pooley and Turner. Those gentlemen had said they were putting their money into the Klondike companies about which the London Times had so severely criticized them, when as a matter of fact they had each received £250, and that in addition to a certain number of deferred shares. Then it was claimed by Mr. Turner that his object was to benefit British Columbia, whereas one of the companies was an Ontario one and not even registered in this province. Then Mr. Turner said that the London Times had discontinued its criticisms upon his connection with those companies as soon as and because they received a page advertisement. That statement was not warranted by the facts, which were that the advertisement was published on Oct. 28th, and on November 4th the severest criticism had been made by that paper. And Mr. Turner must have known it. Did the people who know the character of the London Times think for a moment that any advertisement would induce it to change its views upon such a subject? A man who would make such statements was not worthy of confidence.

Then the Turner party had said they were doing so much and would do so much for the workingman. What had they done? The new government, however, even in the short time they had been in power, had legislated in the interest of the workingman, and as the working classes were the largest proportion of the population it was necessary that legislation should be in their interest. But the Turner government could not refer to a single act of theirs which had been in that interest. Did their action in keeping the Sayward mill men out of their money for two years indicate any appreciation by the Turner government of the interests of the working classes? What could be said of that government which deprived men of their rights until the eve of the election and only granted them when they wished to make political capital and gain support? They claimed they had legislated against the Chinese and in favor of the workingman, but their legislation had first of all been unworkable, and when a penalty clause was finally added it was never enforced. When the present government came into power they lost no time in dismissing the then inspector of mines, and of appointing another who was prepared to do his duty, and the day after his appointment when he went into the mines he found that the Chi-

(Continued on page 3).



A city business man, who gets to work at nine in the morning, takes an hour for lunch and leaves for home at four or five in the afternoon, little understands the hardships of the life of the farmer, who starts to work at break of day and frequently works on into the night by lantern-light.

A man to endure the hardships of a farmer's life, must be robust physically at the outset, and if he would live a long life, always keep a watchful eye upon his health. He should remember that it is the apparently trifling disorders that eventually make the big diseases. It does not do for a hard working man to neglect bilious attacks or spells of indigestion. If he does, he will soon find himself flat on his back with malaria or crippled with rheumatism. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is the best of all medicines for hard working men and women. It makes the appetite keen and hearty, the digestion perfect, the liver active, the blood pure and rich with the life-giving elements of the food, and the nerves strong and steady. It builds firm muscles and solid flesh. It is the greatest of all blood-makers and purifiers. It cures malarial troubles and rheumatism. It is an unfailing cure for biliousness and indigestion. An honest dealer will not try to substitute some inferior preparation for the sake of a little additional profit.

"I was a sufferer for four years with malarial fever and chills," writes Robert Williams, of Kiowa, Barber Co., Kan. "Four bottles of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cured me and I now weigh 160 pounds instead of 130, my old weight."

Costiveness, constipation and torpidity of the liver are surely, speedily and permanently cured by Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They are tiny, sugar-coated granules. One little "Pellet" is a gentle laxative, and two a mild cathartic. They never gripe. They stimulate and strengthen the jaded organs until a regular habit is formed and may then be discontinued without a return of the trouble. They stimulate, invigorate and regulate the stomach, liver and bowels. Medicine stores sell them, and have no other pills that are "just as good."

GENERAL LIBERMANN

Of the French Army.



GENERAL LIBERMANN Writes:

I have tried Vin Mariani. I find that it gives strength and vitality.

G. A. LIBERMANN.

VIN MARIANI

Braces Body and Brain

What the Doctors Say:

Dr. Cyrus Edson, late Chief of the Health Department, New York City, writes in his book "La Grippe," published by Appleton & Co.:

"Where patients suffer with high fever, catarrh in the head and complete prostration, the most effective remedy is the generous diffusible tonic VIN MARIANI."

Dr. J. Leonard Corning, of New York City, writes in his book "Brain Rest," published by G. P. Putnam's Sons:

"Of all tonic preparations ever introduced to the notice of the profession, VIN MARIANI is undoubtedly the most potent for good in the treatment of exhaustive and irritative conditions of the central nervous system."

MARIANI WINE has written endorsemen's From More than 8,000 Physicians in Canada and the United States.

Mariani Wine aids convalescence and is a powerful rejuvenator.

Mariani Wine makes pale, puny, sickly children rosy, robust and healthy.

Mariani Wine is specially indicated for Nervous Troubles, Throat and Lung Diseases, Impotency, Dyspepsia, Consumption.

MALARIA, LA GRIPPE, GENERAL DEBILITY,

MARIANI WINE Makes the Weak Strong

Sold by all Druggists. Refuse Substitutions. Beware of "Just as good."

Wholesale Depositaries---The Hudson Bay Co.

WEILER BROS.

ADVISE THEIR PATRONS OF THE ARRIVAL OF THE FOLLOWING NEW GOODS:

All Wool and Union Ingrain } Carpeting.
Linoleum and Linoleum Mats
Fringes, Cords and Tassels, &c
Drapery Materials and many other things of interest.

WEILER BROS.

51 to 55 Fort Street, Victoria, B.C.

Mother's Advice

Daughter Followed It and Regained Her Health

Suffered Agony With Pains in the Stomach—Hood's Cured.

The testimonials in favor of Hood's Sarsaparilla are as worthy of confidence as though they came from your most trusted neighbor. They are written by honest people who are grateful for the cures accomplished by this wonderful medicine. Read this statement:

"I was afflicted with severe pains in my stomach from which I suffered much agony at times. I was afraid to go any distance from home for fear of having an attack. I was treated for neuralgia of the heart without avail. At last my mother wrote and urged me to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. I have her letter before me at the present time and it reads as follows: 'My dear child, it grieves me to learn that you suffer so with your stomach. Do get a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla and let me know the result, for I am confident

It Saved My Life.'

I am glad to state that I abided by my mother's advice and I am now healthy and strong. I never think of being without Hood's Sarsaparilla in the house. It is a great help to mothers while nursing. I have given it to my baby with satisfactory results. I cannot state all I would like of the many benefits I have known Hood's Sarsaparilla to give to other sufferers. I gladly recommend it." MRS. JOHN LA PAGE, 240 Church St., Toronto, Ont.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is sold by druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner pills, aid digestion. 25c.

MORTGAGEE'S SALE.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in an Indenture of Mortgage, dated the 16th day of August, 1893, made between Joseph Bayley of the one part and Jean Coigdarippe of the other part, and registered in the Land Registry office at Victoria in Charge Book, vol. 12, folio, 287, No. 15234B, tenders will be received by the undersigned for the purchase of the following piece or parcel of land, viz.: All that piece or parcel of land situate on Esquimalt road, and being portion of subdivision lots Nos. 18 and 20, block 2, of Viewfield farm, being portion of lot 29, section XL., Esquimalt district, together with the appurtenances thereunto belonging. The above property is known as "The Half-Way House."

Tenders are to be delivered at the office of the undersigned not later than the 20th day of February, 1899, at 12 o'clock noon.

The above named Jean Coigdarippe does not bind himself to accept the highest or any tender.

YATES & JAY,
22 Bastion street, Victoria, B.C.
Solicitors for the said Jean Coigdarippe.
Victoria, B.C., Jan. 18, 1899.

Silver Band Mining Co., Limited.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the offices, 74 Wharf street, Victoria, B.C., on

Wednesday, 8th Feb., 1899, at 8 p. m.

F. F. HEDGES, Sec.-Treas.
Victoria, B. C., Jan. 23, 1899.

Kwong Sun Tai & Co.,

CONTRACTORS FOR CHINESE LABOR.....

Wood Cutters Supplied. } 35 Fisgard St.
Employment Office } Victoria, B.C.

Victoria Building Society.

The eleventh annual general meeting of the above society will be held at Sir William Wallace Hall, Broad street, on Tuesday, the 31st of January, 1899, at 8 p.m., to receive the directors' and auditor's reports; also the secretary's report and balance sheet, and such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

Election of officers and Board of Management, and the 71st drawing for an appropriation. "See that your shares are in good standing."

By order, A. ST. G. FLINT,
Secretary.

B. C. Fruit Growers and Horticultural Society.

ANNUAL MEETING

Will be held in the Agricultural Department, Victoria,

Tuesday and Wednesday Nights, 31 Jan. and 1 Feb.

Beginning at 2 p.m. Tuesday. Papers on Small Fruits, Local Markets, Packing and Marketing, Cultivators, Pests, etc.

Half rates have been secured on the E. & N. Railroad.

T. R. PEARSON, Sec.

FLOWING TIDE IS WITH THEM

(Continued from page 2)

nese who had been employed previously had mysteriously disappeared and had not been seen since. There could be no question that under the late administration the inspector did not do his duty, and it was only when a government was in power which intended to strictly enforce the law that the legislation was made effective. It took the present government but a day or two to do it.

Then there was the secret ballot. That had been enacted by the energy of the present Speaker of the House, Mr. Forster. (Cheers.) He had taken advantage of his opportunities and got the measure through, so the Turner party could not claim credit for it.

But what was the record of the present government during the short time they had been in office? Was it not satisfactory enough to commend them to the approval of the people of the province? The speaker referred to the various acts which had been passed, and which the Turner party now say they had in mind.

Mr. Eberts had referred to the Victoria, Vancouver & Eastern railway and claimed credit for the late government for bringing it forward, but he did not inform his hearers that the contractors did not have to build all of the three sections, and there was no probability that Victoria would have benefited by that road until it was built through to the coast. The recklessness of the Turner government was exemplified by their liberality to the Cassiar Central railroad promoters, to which they gave a grant of land 95 miles by 105 miles in extent for $1 a year and claimed credit for inserting a stipulation that unless the road was built the government could re-enter into the possession of the land. Their land policy throughout had been characterized by the same disregard for the interests of the province. There was, for instance, the Ruckle Brothers' case. Those gentlemen had applied for the land, but the government gave it to a Victoria party at the rate of $1 an acre, when the town lots into which it was cut up were each selling for $75—or for as much as the province received for the whole 75 acres. Then there was the case of Mr. Donnelly's grant of a small island at the mouth of the Fraser river, which was given to him with the understanding that he would erect a cannery upon it. The cannery had never been built and Mr. Donnelly had recently disposed of the island for $3,000 or $3,500.

Mr. Gregory referred to the alien exclusion measure and urged upon his hearers the necessity of their expressing by the return of government supporters their endorsation of that measure, especially in view of the fact that the Dominion government might possibly be prompted to disallow it if they thought the people of the province did not heartily approve of it. Mr. Turner and Mr. John Grant were coupled together by the Seattle Post-Intelligencer as the opponents of the measure. Mr. Grant had had his day, of course, and if Mr. Turner desired now to ally himself with that gentleman he was at liberty to do so.

At the last election the Turner party had called Hon. Joseph Martin an annexationist. The answer to that charge was the alien exclusion measure of the government, which proved that Mr. Martin had no sympathy in that direction. If the statements made by Mr. Turner to the Post-Intelligencer, however, were to count for anything they would justify the belief that he had some leanings in that direction. (Loud cheers.)

As Col. Gregory resumed his seat the band struck up "Britons Never Shall be Slaves," a singularly appropriate air, owing to the fact that his concluding remarks had reference to the exclusion bill.

MR. ALEX. HENDERSON, M.PP.,

was the next speaker, who said that at the outset of the contest he had no anticipation that he should have the privilege of addressing a Victoria audience. For some reason, however, Mr. Turner had attempted to introduce him (the speaker) as a plank in his platform. A public man was open to criticism, but he was entitled to fair criticism.

Mr. Turner had made very specific charges. He seemed to feel sore that Mr. Henderson was not sitting on his side of the House. He couldn't allow him to include him among that gentleman's supporters when he found that the interests of the public were opposed to Mr. Turner's personal feelings. Mr. Turner had stated that the speaker had pledged him his support, that he had asked him for money to conduct his campaign and that the speaker admitted the truth of both those statements in the House. He had said that he had taxed Mr. Henderson with both charges, and he had not denied them. To lead to no misunderstanding, the speaker asked the audience to carefully note his answer: "Every one of those charges is utterly and absolutely false and without foundation. Does my denial cover the ground?" he observed, amid loud cheers. Continuing, Mr. Henderson said that he had run as an independent candidate, and in the campaign had stated over and over again that he favored the repeal of the mortgage tax and that of the tax on workers in the mines of Kootenay. Mr. Turner had made covert reference to letters. If he had such letters it was a very simple thing for him to show them up, and he had the speaker's permission to do so. (Cheers.) He admitted being poor, but he had never asked Mr. Turner for money and had only had two conversations with him in his life. Turning to the reported conversation he had with Mr. Turner in the House, when Mr. Turner said he had taxed the speaker with these charges, Mr. Henderson said that during the all-night sitting he was accosted in the corridor by a violent political friend of Mr. Turner's. The man's name he learned afterwards. It was Lorimer. (Laughter.) He told Lorimer he was afraid he had "been drinking." The man replied that he knew what he was talking about. Mr. Henderson responded that he must either have been drinking or reading the Colonist. (Laughter.) Mr. Turner passed during the conversation and Lorimer shouted to him and asked if the speaker hadn't run under his colors. Mr. Turner said he thought he was an independent supporter of his. Lorimer then asked if Mr. Henderson used Mr. Turner's prestige. (Laughter.) Mr. Turner said "certainly," and being further asked if the speaker had not applied for money to his committee Mr. Turner said to ask that gentleman. The conversation was entirely between the ex-premier and his henchman, and there had been nothing like taxing him with these matters by Mr. Turner. The speaker, continuing, said he had respect for age, but Mr. Turner's grey hairs and long public service did not protect him from criticism.

The speaker laughingly referred to Victoria's young Demosthenes, and his clever thrust at that gentleman with his penchant for extravagant verbiage created roars of laughter.

A great deal, he concluded, depended upon the choice which the electors of Victoria were about to make. The opposition had claimed all the legislation which had been brought in had been contemplated by them, when they were incubating. (Loud laughter.) These men acknowledged that all this legislation met their approval, but they hadn't the "sand" to introduce it. By supporting Messrs. Gregory, Paterson and Stewart they were supporting a government that had the interests of British Columbia at heart, and which would legislate in the interest of the masses, and not of the few. (Applause.)

Concluding, the speaker said:

"Once to every man and nation comes the moment to decide,
In the strife 'twixt truth and error, on the good or evil side,
Some great cause God's new Messiah, offering each the bloom or blight,
Parts the goats upon the left hand and the sheep upon the right,
And the choice goes by forever 'twixt that darkness and that light."

Mr. Paterson, owing to the lateness of the hour, contented himself with a personal explanation in reply to Mr. Booth's insinuation regarding the V. & S. railway and the interest the city had to pay on that road. He had nothing to do with the floating of the scheme, and to-day a balance of $25,000 is due him on the construction work. Had he been in Victoria when the road was projected he would not have supported it without the understanding that it would be completed to New Westminster.

The chairman here announced that all members of all central committees are requested to meet at the government committee rooms to-night at seven o'clock, and that a meeting would be held at Johns Bros.' Hall on Monday evening.

HON. JOSEPH MARTIN.

To the strains of "See the Conquering Hero Comes," Hon. Joseph Martin received a positive ovation. The audience cheered again and again as the Attorney-General came to the front of the stage, and it was several minutes before quiet was restored. During his speech he was repeatedly applauded, the audience expressing the greatest enthusiasm and satisfaction.

Mr. Martin said that Mr. Bodwell drew his inspiration largely from a perusal of the columns of the Colonist. I rather envied Mr. Bodwell in that opportunity of taking a text for his speech, because, Mr. Chairman, while I am informed that the Colonist and several other papers in this province largely fill the space at their command with denunciations of me, I am sorry to say that I never gain any benefit therefrom, because I never read them. I am compelled therefore in speaking to you to-night to base my remarks, not upon the views of the Colonist editor, but upon the platform of the three gentlemen who are asking your suffrages in opposition to the government. That platform has some features that it is fair and right should be discussed before the electors of this city, and I shall refer principally to two features which stand prominently out in that platform, and perhaps the fairest way will be to use the words in which they are expressed: "We are opposed to the dissemination of views that engender sectional feeling between the mainland and the island, but we will oppose any redistribution measure introduced by the government that has for its object the weakening of the island voice in the government of the province."

It seems to me that no reasonable man, no man who is really anxious to become a representative for this or any other city, would in his right senses lay down a platform which he dare not enunciate on the mainland, if he is sincere in the statement that he does not wish to engender sectional feeling. The proposition is that under no circumstances whatever is the present proportion between the representation of the mainland and the island to be disturbed. If a million people come and reside on the mainland and the population of the island remains the same as it is or becomes less, there is some kind of a divine right which will entitle the people of the island to an undue share of the representation given to the people of British Columbia. I denounce any statement of that kind. I am satisfied that there is no elector in the city who desires for himself or for the city anything more than fair play. If any such elector exists, and our opponents seem to think there are many, they will get no such policy from this government. This government is not prepared to offer Victoria any greater measure of representation upon the floor of the house than it is prepared to offer to any other part of British Columbia, and to show the hollowness of any such argument, let us look at the facts. It is not long ago, only a few years, since the island and the mainland had the same representation in the house. It is not so long ago, only a few years, since the island had more representatives in the house than the mainland. Now during all that time these gentlemen have been in power, either under Mr. Turner, or Mr. Davie, or Mr. Robson, or Mr. Smythe, and if the principle now laid down, that under no possible circumstances is the representation of Victoria to be decreased, that principle should have been sound during that time as it is to-day, and yet what do we find? These very same gentlemen have changed the representation by measures passed by themselves so that the island has now only 14 members to 24 from the mainland in a house of 38. What possible justification was there for the change if the principle now laid down by them is the correct one? Must it not be evident to everyone present here that if ever there was a weak, petty attempt at sectionalism, a weak, petty attempt at bribery, in an electoral sense, this offer on the part of Mr. Turner and his colleagues to change the constitution of the country in favor of Victoria, to upset all preconceived ideas of representation according to population, in order to be elected, is that mean and petty attempt. Mr. Turner tries to induce you to believe that he has power enough in the legislative assembly to put into force a vicious principle of that kind. Why such a thing would defeat its own object. Under no possible circumstances can Victoria expect to have in the legislature a majority of the representation, and unless it has, unless its share is increased to 20 of the total number of members, what position is Victoria going to be in with six representatives sitting there unfairly according to the principle of representation by population? Every other part of the province would be up in arms immediately against so absurd a proposition. It is not the number of representatives you have in the house, it is the influence your members have.

I have wondered several times at the manner in which the opposition have played into the hands of the government. We don't have to ask them to do so, they do it without, and of all they have done it seems to me that this proposition of unduly favoring a constituency because for the time being they wish to appeal to it, is the weakest step in their weak career. Where would they be in Northeast Kootenay, where there is an election pending, in Vancouver, or in any other constituency of the province, if they advocated the principle of giving undue representation to Victoria? Can you imagine any supporter of Mr. Turner in any other constituency saying that he was going to support that gentleman because he said he was going to differentate between Victoria and the rest of the province in the matter of representation? What can have induced them to lay down so stupid a proposition? Has anything been said to indicate that there was an intention by the present government of dealing unfairly with the city of Victoria? Not a word. (Cheers.) There is no proposition of that kind pending. We are satisfied to give Victoria every right to which she is entitled, and if fortunately Victoria should grow larger I should be very glad that it should be the happy privilege of this government to increase the representation of Victoria in the House of Assembly, and if the population comes here, you may depend upon it that representation will be increased, but not to gain a single vote will I lay down any proposition that I would not offer every constituency in the province. The right way for a constituency to gain influence in the House is only by sending men to represent it who will be strong representatives, men who have greater intelligence than their fellows and who can gain recognition for their constituency and impress upon the house the needs and rights of the constituency, so that they can gain for it everything to which it is entitled and perhaps a little more. I know of such a case. When I was a candidate for the city of Winnipeg for membership of the Dominion House it was alleged against me that when I was representative of Portage la Prairie, where I first entered political life, I had actually advocated as against Winnipeg the rights and interests of Portage la Prairie. I admitted it. I said at the time I did it I was a representative of Portage la Prairie, and it was my duty to do my best for the constituency. A man should not be unfair, but he should push as much as he can the claims of his own constituency and leave to the representatives of others the work of putting forward their claims.

Then Mr. Turner and his colleagues said in this same platform, "We are opposed to all legislation which excludes capital." What has been done by the present government which would tend in that direction? (A voice: "The Alien Bill.") Yes, they must mean that, if the words mean anything, and I suppose they do mean something. Well, the Alien Bill. Let them make that the issue of the campaign and we will be glad to meet them. Let the election turn upon that issue if they wish and I ask you can there be any doubt about the views of the people of Victoria? Can there be any doubt that they think we are right in taking measures to protect the people of the province against an unfair encroachment upon our rights? As I intimated the other night, this matter is of very special importance in view of the fact that we are not altogether out of the woods in regard to it, and while we have done all we can do, and the measure has passed the House and been assented to by the Lieut.-Governor, and is to-day the law of the land, yet there is a power under the constitution which gives the right to the Dominion government to disallow that act and from the time of such disallowance it ceases to be the law of the land. As you know, there is a strong reason why the Dominion government should perhaps be inclined to take that strong step and interfere with us in our undoubted rights. They are now negotiating with the Washington government for certain settlements of disputed questions, and should you fail to stand by us in this crisis it will be taken by Sir Wilfrid Laurier and his government to mean that they have a justification for enforcing this disallowance. We say that we are justified in excluding aliens from the placer mines of the province. We say that during the last summer the Americans unfairly deprived the merchants of Victoria and Vancouver of the trade resulting from the rush to the Klondike mines. We are making this fight principally in the interest of the merchants of Victoria and of Vancouver. What will be said if the city fails us in this crisis and sends to parliament men who object to this legislation, men who believe that Americans and American capital should be asked to come into this country and take away our gold? If those gentlemen should be elected by you, you would hear a great howl from the other side of the line, a howl of satisfaction; you would see a rooster on every page of the Post-Intelligencer. They would say, 'Here is the government of British Columbia defeated upon a measure by the constituency which that measure was largely intended to benefit.' In an issue of that kind it is almost an insult for me to take up your time talking as to how you should place your votes. Why the Board of Trade, a body which is supposed to be composed of gentlemen in a proportion of 5 to 1 against the present government on political issues, passed a resolution, practically unanimously, approving of the course of the government in passing that Alien Bill. (Cheers.) And yet, so strong is party feeling that we find many of those gentlemen going about the city urging the people to cast a vote which will nullify the policy which in their sober moments in the Board of Trade, where politics are not supposed to enter, they endorsed most heartily. (Renewed cheers.)

If you are partisan enough, if your feelings are so strong against this government, if you think it has amongst its members one bad man, one at least, so bad that no question of public policy can induce you to vote for them, I can say, that although we might be disheartened when the ballots come to be counted we don't propose for a single instant to give up the fight. We shall have enough members in the House to support us in the fight, and if the Dominion government go so far wrong as to overlook the fact that this legislation is within our jurisdiction, and was given us absolutely by the British North America Act, if the Dominion government is foolish enough to do that in view of their experience of Manitoba in the matter of railway charters, then, even if this city will not stand by us, we feel that the rest of the province will insist that the government was acting in the best interests of British Columbia by standing by the rights of the province in this matter, and never yet in the history of confederation, although it has been tried time and time again, never yet have the Dominion government or parliament been strong enough to coerce a single province, no matter how weak, out of any right guaranteed to it by the British North America Act, and all that is necessary for the province to succeed in the end is that the province should be true to itself. As long as that is the case it will find sympathy in every other province of Canada. It will find that the hand of any government which attempts coercion of that kind will be paralyzed by the opposition of those true men in all the other provinces. If the people of the province stand fast, if by some error of judgment the Dominion government should disallow that act, they will as surely be compelled to retrace their steps as they were in other instances.

And what will we do? Our course is plain. If the Dominion government does disallow that act it will be the bounden duty of this province to re-enact it and keep on doing so until the Dominion government find they have not got sufficient of the people of Canada behind them, and they will allow us our rights. The gold belongs to us. It is absolutely the gold of the province, of the people of this province, and that being so it is not a question for the Dominion government to decide whether we are right or wrong. We may be wrong, but we are the absolute judges of that, the final judges. This makes this contest pivotal upon that question. It is a simple point, does not require explanation, it must be plain to everyone and if, under these circumstances, the people of Victoria deliberately vote to return to office as their representative three men who would be glad to see the Dominion government disallow it and to hamper us in the fight for the rights of the province, why then, if that can be so, I am wasting my time in speaking to you, and you are losing your time in listening to me. I cannot believe it. I cannot believe that intelligent men performing the most sacred duty given to them as citizens in balloting can hesitate for a single moment in this matter, and I ask you, if you have been moved at all by any of the side issues brought into this campaign, to overlook them. Consider them as of small import, and let the matter turn entirely upon the real issue. That is what will be declared by the election. We can say if we win that there is no doubt what the people of Victoria think of this matter. We can say: "Here is a city which voted against us last election and returned men opposed to us, but, because we have recognized our duty, and done what they wished should be done for the city, has stayed by us, and we can announce it as a great triumph." The news of that endorsation of the government policy, the endorsation of the policy which will protect the province against unfair competition, will go out all over the continent, and to the United Kingdom. And just as surely will our American friends cry out in glee if we are beaten. They will say that the political capital of British Columbia, the centre of its commercial importance, are opposed to the government's action in that regards. In these circumstances I leave the decision of this political matter with all faith in your hands.

Mr. Martin's conclusion was received with a tremendous outburst of cheering, the audience applauding vigorously for several minutes.

Colonel Gregory proposed a vote of thanks to the chairman for his performance of the duties of his office. Mr. S. Perry Mills seconded it, three cheers were given for the governm nt, the candidates, and the audience joined in the National Anthem, led by the band. And thus terminated a meeting which furnished the strongest proof yet given of the defeat of Turnerism and the approval of the policy of the Semlin-Martin administration.

The enthusiasm of the audience has been the subject of universal comment to-day, and the feeling is general that the gathering marked the turn of public opinion in the direction which leads to victory for the three candidates—Gregory, Paterson and Stewart.

MUNYON

HAS A CURE FOR EACH DISEASE

With Munyon's Improved Homœopathic Remedies in the House, Mothers Can Become the Family Physician.

Professor Munyon is honored to-day as the leading authority in the medical world. His new and humane methods of treatment have swept away all the old-fashioned ideas of doctoring with poisonous drugs that create a dozen diseases in the effort to get rid of one. He does not claim that he has one remedy that will cure all complaints, but that he has prepared a specific cure for nearly every disease. He does not claim that Munyon's Rheumatism Cure will cure consumption, dyspepsia or any other complaint, but he does assert that it will cure rheumatism. Munyon's Dyspepsia Cure is prepared expressly to cure dyspepsia; Munyon's Cough Cure to cure coughs; Munyon's Catarrh Remedies to cure catarrh; Munyon's Kidney Cure to cure kidney troubles. The same may be said of all Munyon's different remedies. They may be obtained at all drug stores, mostly at 25c a bottle.

Personal letters to Prof. Munyon, 1,505 Arch st., Philadelphia, Pa., U.S.A., answered with free medical advice for any disease.

IN NAME ONLY

Is There a Difference Between Deadly Consumption and

CATARRH

Though catarrh and consumption are looked upon as very different diseases, consumption is in reality catarrh of the lungs.

Consumption is the natural result of neglected catarrh, which eats its way along the air passages until it enters the lungs and begins its ravages there.

Catarrh can be cured in a few weeks or months at the longest by using Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure.

Soothing and healing in its effects, Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure is wonderfully effective as a positive cure for catarrh. It clears the air passages, relieves the pressure which causes headache, stops the dropping in the throat, and prevents consumption.

Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure is the only 25 cent catarrh cure with blower included, and is sold by all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

Dr. Chase's new illustrated book, "The Ills of Life and How to Cure Them," sent free to your address.

La Grippe

Have you had it? If not, be prepared, for it is here. You needn't dread the disease so much as the suffering afterwards.

Why have it? 'Tis the weak, nervous, pale and thin who suffer most.

Scott's Emulsion

corrects these conditions. It gives strength and stability and the strong throw off the disease. 'Twill lift you out of that terrible depression which follows. All druggists; 50c. and $1.00.



Any Man With a Bad Back

SHOULD APPRECIATE HOW HE CAN GET A GOOD ONE.

A bad back is a common ailment. Find it in every household. Old and young alike have backache; comes in many forms. A bad back may be a tired, a lame, a weak or an aching one. Makes no difference which it is. Nine times out of ten the back is bad from one cause. Most backache pains come from disordered kidneys, that's why DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS cure a bad back. DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS are made for Kidneys only. Not a drug in them for anything else. No effort to cure all the ills of humanity. A specialist for a special purpose. We say they cure backache, weariness, too frequent urination and all symptomatic indications of Kidney Disorders; Cure Urinary disorders and every Kidney Ill. You don't have to take our word for it, we have plenty of proof. Good indorsement from good people.

MONCTON, N.B.

MR. L. J. MELANSON, an I.C.R. employee, living on Robinson St., Moncton, N.B., made the following statement:

"My kidney troubles were fast developing into more serious forms. Beginning with a backache the troubles gradually got worse until I feared that dreadful disease—diabetes. I lost no time experimenting with remedies, but acting on the advice of friends who had tested Doan's Kidney Pills, I procured a box. Inside of two weeks my back was free from pain and I felt like a new man.

"The trouble arose from a strain, and I have ever since been bothered with a pain in the small of my back. I am glad to testify to the effectiveness of Doan's Kidney Pills, for before I took them I could not stoop to lace my shoes, so intense was the pain and stiffness. I am now quite supple and consider Doan's Kidney Pills have cured me completely."

OTTAWA, ONT.

MR. THOS. McBRIDE, the well-known lithographer, 299 Sparks Street, Ottawa, Ont., says:

"I have been a sufferer for some years with pains across my back and in my side. I suffered from tired feeling almost continuously, and was so bad that at times I could hardly attend to business.

"I have taken numerous patent medicines but got no permanent relief. Latterly a friend of mine who had been cured by Doan's Kidney Pills told me to try them, and I got a box at MacCarthy's drug store.

"From the first I experienced great relief, and although it is only four weeks since I commenced taking them I have now not an ache or pain, and am feeling bright and vigorous. I can recommend them very highly to anyone suffering as I did."

Doan's Kidney Pills are for sale at all drug stores, 50 cents a box or 3 boxes for $1.25.

The Doan Kidney Pill Co., Toronto, Ont.

Always Demand The One That Gives Surest, Quickest Relief. That's a

BENSON'S,



'T is the best

POROUS PLASTER

Has cured millions. Will help you, if suffering from Lung, Chest, Kidney, Muscle or Joint affections. Price 25c. All Druggists. Refuse substitutes. Otherwise, Lemming, Milne & Co., Montreal, unobtainable.

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN." LINIMENT



I believe MINARD'S LINIMENT will cure every case of Diphtheria.
Riverdale. MRS. REUBEN BAKER.

I believe MINARD'S LINIMENT will promote growth of hair.
Stanley, P. E. I. MRS. CHAS. ANDERSON.

I believe MINARD'S LINIMENT is the best household remedy on earth.
Oil City, Ont. MATTHIAS FOLEY.



MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN." LINIMENT

To be entirely relieved of the aches and pains of rheumatism means a great deal, and Hood's Sarsaparilla does it.

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CASHMORE'S BOOK EXCHANGE, 105 Douglas street.
EMORY'S CIGAR STAND, 23 Government street.
KNIGHT'S STATIONERY STORE, 75 Yates street.
MRS. MULLIGAN'S STATIONERY STORE, 46½ Government street.
VICTORIA BOOK AND STATIONERY COMPANY, 61 Government street.
T. N. HIBBEN & COMPANY, 69 Government street.
F. CAMPBELL, Tobacconist, 92 Government street.
GEO. MARSDEN, News Agent, corner Yates and Government.
H. W. WALKER (Switch Grocery), Esquimalt road.
MRS. CROOK, Victoria West post-office.
GEO. J. COOK, Victoria West.
T. REDDING, Craigflower road, Victoria West.

GOVERNMENT CANDIDATES.

Lt.-Col. Gregory,
T. W. Paterson,
Alex. Stewart.

SWEEPING ON TO VICTORY.

Last night's meeting in the opera house was a magnificent proof of the fact that Victoria has shaken the dust of Turnerism from her feet, and is determined to have a hand in the great new things that are to be done in British Columbia. Victoria was represented there last night by an audience of which any city or any country might be proud, and the unanimity of the expressions of pleasure and approval at the clinching arguments of the several speakers made it impossible to doubt that it is all over with Turnerism in this city. The house was packed to the doors; almost too uncomfortably full, but hundreds failed to gain admission. We say the meeting last night is an augury that cannot be mistaken; those people were there on business; they wanted to hear solid reasons why they should vote to support the government, and they got them by the bushel. Adherents of the Turner cause for years were there last night, and they were convinced that Turnerism is nothing more than the voice of one crying in the wilderness, and that Victoria's hope lies in supporting a government whose every act since they assumed power has proved their justice, wisdom and strength.

A POLITICAL IMPOSSIBILITY.

Let not the electors of Victoria forget that John Herbert Turner has sworn to fight against the bill giving to British Columbians, Canadians, all British subjects the chance to mine the gold that Providence has placed in their own country. Remember that Mr. Turner and his colleagues will try to throw open the door to hordes of foreigners who will sweep up our gold as wolves clean the flesh off the bones of a wounded steer on the plains. Remember that it is of more importance to those men to make a few dollars off outfitting foreigners to strip our goldfields bare, than to conserve the interests of this great province. Remember that the Turner party used the power when they had it for selfish purposes; remember that they will do it again if they get a chance. "Number one first" is their cry. If you don't believe it examine their arguments carefully. What do they want to get back to power for? The good of the country? Not much; back to the flesh-pots and the old wasteful, reckless and irresponsible state of things.

Mr. Turner tells you plainly he will work to wreck a measure which is going to give British subjects a fair chance in their own country? Will you help him to help the aliens to come here and rob our goldfields of their wealth without leaving a dollar in the country? Will you send this man to the House to obstruct patriotic legislation? Hear what the Toronto Mail and Empire, the chief organ of the Canadian Conservatives, has to say editorially about the bill which Mr. Turner, a Conservative, now condemns and declares he will fight against:

"The British Columbia Legislature is invited by the government of the province to amend the Mining Act, and to make it declare as follows:

"'No free miner, after the coming into force of this section, shall hold any claim under said Placer Mining Act, or any interest therein as trustee or otherwise for any person, who is not a British subject.'

"This means that aliens cannot gobble up the mining business as in the Yukon.

"It is a Roland for an Oliver, seeing that the United States law has the same provision the other way round."

Now, what do Victorians think of that, and of Mr. Turner's attitude? The opinion of the best Conservatives in the country is dead against him, and Conservatives and Liberals alike should work to keep him from making mischief in that House. His return will be a setback to Victoria, an insult to the rest of the province, a public calamity. Mr. Turner went on at a great rate in the opera house the other night about the Victoria Daily Times and its opposition to him and his policy, but what about the London Times? What about that great paper which denounced Mr. Turner most severely for his reprehensible conduct in connection with that speculative Klondike company (another Number One First scheme)? The London Times, the Victoria Times and the present times are all against Mr. Turner.

SHORTER CATECHISM—AMENDED.

What is the chief end of the Turner party?

Number One.

What did they do for the country when in power?

They nearly did for it.

What is the Colonist?

Damphino.

Why does the Colonist say Mr. Deane had not a majority?

Because he had.

How do you know?

Because the returning officer and six lawyers proved beyond doubt he had.

Why does Gordon Hunter slang the Attorney-General so?

Because the Attorney-General knows a whole lot about Gordon Hunter that Gordon Hunter doesn't want the public to know.

Is Gordon Hunter a good authority on Liberal politics?

He thinks he is.

Is he the head of the party?

Yes, the sore-head.

Why does he conduct himself so intemperately on the public platform?

Because he's a chronic kicker.

What do you think of John Herbert Turner?

He's a nice old man.

Can he do any good in the house for Victoria?

No; his presence there will positively injure Victoria.

Why?

Because he declares he will endeavor to work to bring aliens here that his firm my profit by their trade.

Why did the Turner party attempt to buy Mr. Neill of Alberni?

Did they? Well, "just on general principles" probably.

What makes Mr. McPhillips talk so long?

Because he has so little to say.

Is there to be any whiskey and dollars in this election?

Ask the Colonist and the Turner committee.

How to Mark Your Ballot

GREGORY, F. B.	X
HALL, R.	
McPHILLIPS, A. E.	
PATERSON, T. W.	X
STEWART, ALEX.	X
TURNER, J. H.	

THAT SEWER PIPE AFFAIR.

Last night Mr. Turner at a meeting in Johns' Bros.' Hall, Work estate, undertook to refute the charge made in the Times relating to a certain queer transaction mentioned in the public accounts, page 690, expenditures for the Provincial Board of Health. That Mr. Turner failed to refute our charge was not surprising. Facts are very hard things to do away with. First Mr. Turner said "he could just see the members of the government spending their time plodding over the government accounts, searching for what they could find." With the ex-premier's exercise of his gift of second sight we have no quarrel; if he find any amusement in it let him; but we must inform Mr. Turner that the Times's article was not inspired by any minister. We have eyes to see and we see for ourselves. If Mr. Turner is correctly reported in the morning paper he had better have ignored the Times's charge altogether, for he has, perhaps unwittingly, perhaps through faulty reporting, proved the case against himself. Mr. Turner says our charge "was very badly written." Is the ex-premier going to pose as a judge of writing? Wonders will never cease. Perhaps he meant wickedly written.

Mr. Turner does not deny Mr. Kirk is a member of the firm of Turner, Beeton & Co.; Mr. Kirk acted like a partner of the firm and must be held responsible with the firm. "You are responsible as a partner if you act like one," is a well-known axiom of British law. Mr. Turner says the order was sent to the British Columbia Pottery Co., because Turner, Beeton & Co. had no pipe at the time. That is, had the latter firm had any pipe they would have filled the order. Is anything more required than that to show that Mr. Turner's firm did handle this order? They got the pipe from the British Columbia Pottery Co., who, naturally enough, objected to paying freight on it to Nelson. It was none of their funeral; they were merely filling an order for Messrs. Turner, Beeton & Co., of Victoria, sent to them by one of the firm, who happened to be at Nelson. Anybody can understand that transaction the British Columbia Pottery Co. were clearly subordinate, having neither art nor part in the transaction except to fill an ordinary order.

The firm of Turner, Beeton & Co., then, had a business dealing with the government; it would have looked bad to put down the firm's name in the public accounts, and besides it would have laid the head of the firm, who was at the same time the premier of the day, open to most serious consequences. But there was a possibility the name of the junior partner would not attract attention, so it was put down instead. Mr. Turner last night did not say a thing or produce a fact to disprove those statements. He cannot do so, for they are the plain truth. The Colonist report says:

"The Times said an attempt had been made to hush up the transaction, and that was why it was put in Mr. Kirk's name. If he had wished to hide transactions of the kind why did he not hide up the transactions on account of which he had resigned in the same way? He had nothing to hide."

Talk about bad writing (and speaking)! We don't know why Mr. Turner did not hide up these particular transactions; we don't know that he did not try to hide them up; all we know is that they have nothing whatever to do with the charge in question, which Mr. Turner having utterly failed to explain away, stands against him as a very black mark.

John Grant and J. H. Turner are two leaders in fighting the British Columbia Alien Exclusion law.—Seattle Post-Intelligencer, January 22.

Mr. Gordon Hunter is becoming an expert in the scientific slinging of uncomplimentary epithets. He has a fine vocabulary of denunciatory adjectives. Last night in a short speech he called Attorney-General Martin these elegant names because he hates him for his success and envies him for his ability: domineering," "attempting to rule this province" "simply a political Bedouin;" "sullily accepted position of attorney-general;" "insulted Mr. Bodwell in the court;" "attorney-general introduced the alien bill for his own sinister purposes to catch the vote of the electorate on the eve of an election;" "the present attorney-general could only be likened to Nero;" "his colleagues were simply tools." Mr. Gordon Hunter also, in the same speech, called his Honor the Lieutenant-Governor "merely a puppet;" Mr. Alexander Henderson, M. P. P. for New Westminster, "a traitor," and suggested that "Hon. Mr. Semlin being an old man would not live long." The most extraordinary thing about all this is that an intelligent audience would sit and listen to the talking of such stuff by such a man. Mr. Gordon Hunter should remember and refrain, or there may have to be some remembering done for him.

Hon. Joseph Martin last Monday night in the opera house uttered some terse and pregnant maxims that deserve to be written in letters of British Columbia gold. Here is one that struck us as peculiarly apropos to the present struggle between Turnerism and clean, honest government in this city:

"The most serious thing any man can do, and the most serious that any nation can do, is to discount the future."

British Columbia's future would by this time have been discounted to the last dollar had not Turnerism been destroyed.

Keen blow the winter breezes
O'er Attin's golden "pile,"
Where every "prospect" pleases
And the alien only's vile.

Oh, why should foreign papers shriek,
And foreign miners groan,
Because our band plays, so they speak,
"Now, Britons, hold your own"?

Communications.

EXTRACTS AND OPINIONS.

To the Editor: Permit a few extracts from speeches of opposition orators for the benefit of voters:

"Only 80 cents is taken out of our placer mines for every $1 spent by the miner."—Turner.

A fine "ad." for British Columbia mines, that! and a great inducement for Britishers everywhere to rush in where aliens (not angels) dare not tread. But he forgets to say that the $1 was spent in Seattle first and the 80 cents taken to the United States afterwards. No doubt the latter will redouble her efforts now with the Turner party's backing.

"The Kootenay country gave $340,000 revenue; may we not expect that in the future there will be taken out $10,000,000?"—Eberts.

Yes, taken out chiefly to Spokane, Chicago and New York capitalists, and British Columbians may retire to the dens and caves of the earth left in place of the veins and ledges, or set to and break up the cobble stones left on the sluiced grounds. Oh, yes, "progress and prosperity" with a vengeance!

"I haven't got anything to say, and I don't know how to say it, but I thank you for kindly hearing me say so."—Hall.

"Yes, I will shed my blood for the constitution (what for, to write it in red?), but not for the Turner party."—McPhillips.

Wise man! Mac. Stick to that (and "there are others"), expand the latter idea, and Solomon may yet have a successor.

"I had the advice of a most eminent eastern lawyer, who advised that my seat was not secure, and said thought that the question admits of controversy, and so I resigned, unnecessarily, as Mr. Martin also affirmed, yet he inconsistently opposes my return to my seat."—McPhillips.

"Took advice," "seat not secure," so "resigned, unnecessarily." Oh! consistency, thou art a jewel!

"The house stood 18 to 18 at first, with two seats to be decided; so the Elections Bill was passed to get a working majority, without which they could not carry on the business of the country."—Turner.

Of course the Turner government would have been able to carry on business without a working majority. Oh, yes, but then His Honor did not think so, used his prerogative and dismissed them—that great constitutional party, the same old party of the Davie government, the government of the great big B—(perhaps the government of the father of all "B.'s"), for the Turner government was only the Davie government with the head cut off and a new tail added in the person of Eberts—a government which got into power for the last time—its head said it would get in by hook or crook—mostly by crook; and whose justices of the peace in every little settlement in the country were frequently directed as to what decision they should give in cases not yet tried, and even in some cases—as I know to my cost—before officers had served upon the victims of government heelers the false summonses, warrants and other illegal papers with which they stultified the laws, made void that good old British justice they loved to talk about so much, and sought to cover up the "ways that are dark and tricks that are many;" who so vainly sought to hide the juggling with blank warrants, building contracts, road expenditure, etc., from the Turner government, who stepped in and courageously put an end to those "constitutional" methods.

Oh, they are a great constitutional party, no doubt, but never mind, we have seen them held up to the light of day, thrown down; and their last kick will be made on February 2nd.

VICTORIAN.

January 26, 1899.

To all who find themselves with health gradually slipping away, Kidneys and Liver so disorganized that they are incapable of keeping the system free from poisonous waste material, Stomach Disordered, Bowels Constipated, Head Aching, Back Aching, Back Paining, take Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. The quick way they help you back to health will surprise you.

Not one in twenty are free from some little ailment caused by inaction of the liver. Use Carter's Little Liver Pills. The result will be a pleasant surprise. They give positive relief.

We have just received an entirely new set of patterns in "Ingrain Carpetting." We have several qualities, and believe them to be the best value we have seen. Weller Bros.

Have no equal as a prompt and positive cure for sick headache, biliousness, constipation, pain in the side, and all liver troubles. Carter's Little Liver Pills. Try them.

"BLUE LABEL" "Salada" Ceylon Tea at 40 cents, in pounds, halves, quarters and two-ounce sealed Lead Packets. "THIS TEA IS TRULY DELICIOUS."

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA

Easily the best tea extant. 40c, 50c, 60c.

Washington & Alaska SS. Co'y.

LIGHTNING EXPRESS

—TO—

Dyea and Skagway

IN 60 HOURS.

SS. CITY OF SEATTLE

Sails for Dyea and Skagway direct every ten days. No stops. No delays. Round trip in seven days. Rates same as on other steamers. Next sailing Wednesday, February 1st. For rates and information apply to DODWELL & CO., LD., 64 Government street. Telephone 580.

—Rally Carriages; good, strong and ornamental. We can also show you a beautiful line of "Rattan Chairs." Weiler Bros.

DRY ROYAL

CHAMPAGNE.

The Most Fashionable Wine of the Day. Used Largely by Lord Aberdeen,

SOLE AGENTS, J. M. DOUGLAS & CO., MONTREAL.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR IT.

THE Brais BRAND

For Sale by all First-class Haberdashers.

LEFT HIM TO DIE

Bright's Disease Pronounced Past Hope by Physicians—South American Kidney Cure is the Life Saver.

A traveller for a well-known western manufacturing firm was so hale and hearty that the possibility of his contracting kidney trouble was farthest from his mind, but through constant exposure Bright's Disease, that most insidious of ailments, laid hold on him. He doctored for months—physicians gave him but a short time to live. A friend who had derived great benefit from South American Kidney Cure recommended it to him. When he had taken seven bottles all signs of the disease had left him, and to-day he is as well as ever.

Sold by Dean & Hiscocks and Hall & Co.

FILIPINOS BURN VILLAGES.

New York, Jan. 28.—A despatch to the Herald from Manila says: There is no illness in the transports at Iloilo. Influential natives wish the Americans to land. The rabble army are kicking, and want to loot the town. They have already burned several villages near Iloilo. Manila is quiet. The general health of the troops is good.

CONFIRMATION

Of the Report of Mr. Ed N. Stowell's Wonderful Escape.

From the Clutches of Bright's Disease, After an Eminent Physician Had Said He Could Not Recover —Dodd's Kidney Pills Cured Him.

Brockville, Jan. 27.—There appeared in the public press last week, an account of the recovery of Mr. Ed. N. Stowell, of this city, through the use of Dodd's Kidney Pills, after an eminent medical man had pronounced his case of Bright's Disease incurable.

So many reports of similar remarkable cures through the agency of Dodd's Kidney Pills have been published at frequent intervals of late that it was thought advisable to interview Mr. Stowell, and ascertain whether or not the facts had been exaggerated in the press.

In answer to this question, Mr. Stowell said: "No. The account published is exactly true.

After suffering for several years I consulted one of the best doctors in Canada, who pronounced my case Bright's Disease, and told me I could not get cured.

"I began to prepare for my last, when, one night, I read an advertisement telling the wonderful success of Dodd's Kidney Pills in curing Bright's Disease. Though I had little faith, I bought a box of Dodd's Kidney Pills. After I had used the contents of that box, I felt new life, my friends saw the change and wondered what caused it.

"I am now in perfect health, and can thank Dodd's Kidney Pills alone for the wonderful cure that has built me up. I am quite willing to tell my story in detail to any one at any time."

This settles the case, beyond dispute, in favor of Dodd's Kidney Pills. They hold the position of the only unfailing Kidney Cure on earth, and nothing can deprive them of it.

The manager of a big business house declares that, to his own knowledge, the present-day improvement in the physique of Englishwomen has been most marked. "I can tell," says he, "by the applicants for situations in our show-rooms. A fine figure is absolutely essential; and to-day, out of every batch of young ladies coming after a vacancy there are many more likely to suit than was formerly the case."

The Beginning of HEALTH 25c

The trial size of ABBEY'S EFFERVESCENT SALT is on the market at the above price. It has been so put up to enable everyone to try this wonderful health-giving preparation. Of all druggists. Large bottle 60 cents.

VICTORIA THEATRE.

Friday, February 3rd.

First Appearance in Victoria of the World-Famous and Unrivalled

Black Patti Troubadours

The greatest colored show on earth, and the biggest theatrical hit of the century.

A veritable revelation.
Coon comedy songs.
Jubilee shouts.
Cake walks.
Buck dances.
Vaudeville.
Operatic reviews.

BLACK PATTI, ERNEST HOGAN and 30 other promoters of mirth and melody are the features of this universally popular company. The stage performance is the quintessence of refined fun and sweet melody, and is intended for the enjoyment of all.

Prices, 25 cents, 50 cents, 75 cents and $1.00.

Seats on sale at the Victoria Book & Stationery Store.

Vancouver Island Building Society.

The Fifteenth Annual meeting of the Society will be held in Sir William Wallace Hall, Broad street, on Monday, January 30th, at 8 p.m., for the purpose of receiving the reports of the Board of Directors and Secretary and the balance sheet and statements of the Secretary and Treasurer for the year ending 31st December, 1898; for the election of officers and Board of Management for the ensuing year; for holding the 109th drawing for an appropriation, and the transaction of such business as may be brought before the meeting. By order,

B. WILLIAMS, Secretary.
Victoria, B.C., January 23rd, 1899.

DOG FOOD.....

Smith's Dog Biscuits for working dogs. There's nothing better. No preparation is needed to feed these biscuits. They keep the dog healthy, and no other food is necessary.

For Sale by all Dealers and M. R. Smith & Co.

WANTS.

WANTED—A child to adopt, boy or girl; good home. Apply 108 Cormorant street.

WANTED—Men to held freight outfit with horses from Skagway to Dawson City. Address J. H. W., Times office.

WANTED—Employers in need of practically trained office assistants, bookkeepers, stenographers, typewriters, etc. Please call at the Columbia Commercial College, Vancouver, B. C. H. B. A. Vogel, principal.

SOLICITORS WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen, for our complete sets of juvenile books for the holidays. Each set has four books graded for little ones to grown up folks. Each book charming, delightful, captivating. Prices range from 50c. to $2.50. Large books, each overflowing with happy illustrations. Tremendous sellers. Nothing like them. Four months' golden harvest for energetic workers. Credit given. Freight paid. Biggest commissions. Outfits with samples of all books free. Send twelve 2-cent stamps for paying part only of postage alone. Drop all trash and clear $500 a month with our exclusive juveniles. The National Book Concern, Juvenile Dept., Chicago.

WANTED—Good men only, to sell our well known line of specialties; we guarantee free from San Jose scale; all stock accompanied by government certificate; outfit free; good men and exclusive territory to workers. Write for particulars. Pelham Nursery Co., Toronto.

FOR SALE.

MINING SHARES FOR SALE in all B. C. mines at lowest quotations; houses and lots in all parts of the city. A. W. More & Co., brokers, 86 Government street.

TO LET.

TO RENT—Five-roomed cottage on Esquimalt road, opposite Catholic church, $6. Apply on premises.

TO LET—Large pleasant room, with bath and breakfast. 144 Menzies street.

TO LET (in the city)—House; good chicken run, stable, &c. Inquire 89 Discovery street.

COMFORTABLY FURNISHED ROOMS, modern conveniences, 7 Blanchard.

TO LET OR LEASE—On easy terms, the Commercial Hotel, Douglas street. Apply to Robert Porter & Sons, Johnson street.

EDUCATIONAL.

SHORTHAND—$25 for course; 10 lessons for $5; in classes of two or more, 8 lessons for $2.50. Address "Shorthand," this office.

ASSAYING.

ASSAY OFFICE, Broughton street; W. J. R. Cowell, B.A., F.G.S., assayer to the local banks; assays on all kinds of ores. Gold dust melted, assayed and purchased for cash at its full value.

SOCIETIES.

VICTORIA COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, meets first Thursday in every month at Masonic Temple, Douglas street, at 7:30 p.m.

B. S. ODDY, Secretary.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MONEY TO LOAN on Victoria Real Estate by the Yorkshire Guarantee & Securities Corporation, Ltd., and by the Dominion Permanent Loan Co. A. W. More & Co., agents, 86 Government street.

A. & W. WILSON, Plumbers and Gas Fitters, Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths; Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc.; shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 126.

SCAVENGERS.

JULIUS WEST, General Scavenger, successor to John Dougherty—Yards and cesspools cleaned; contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with James Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; John Cochrane, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver street. Telephone 180.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE, Veterinary Surgeon—Office at Bray's livery, 100 Johnson street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417.

Government Committee Rooms

Corner Broad and Fort Streets

WILL BE

Open from 9 a.m. to 11 p.m. Daily

Finnan Haddies

FOR SALE BY

JAMESON.

GROCER, 33 FORT STREET.



NO FACE NOR HAND

Can be considered handsome unless it wears the glow of health. OUR BUTTERMILK TOILET LOTION contributes largely to this end. It is free from greasiness or stickiness, and in short is an ideal Complexion cream, preventing Roughness and soreness and imparting to the skin that velvety softness which is so much to be desired. An excellent application after shaving. Money back if not entirely satisfied. 25 cents per bottle.

C. H. BOWES, Chemist,
100 GOVERNMENT STREET,
NEAR YATES STREET.
TELEPHONE, NO. 425.

MORE FINE WEATHER.

Daily Report Furnished by the Victoria Meteorological Department.

Victoria, Jan. 28.—5 a.m.—The extensive high pressure area still remains to the westward of Vancouver Island, and the weather continues fair and the winds moderate along the entire Pacific coast. Another pronounced high area now covers the Territories, accompanied by a decided cold wave and blizzard. In Manitoba the temperature ranges from 30 to 38 degrees below zero, with high winds.

Victoria—Barometer, 30.36; temperature, 41, minimum, 40; wind, calm; weather, cloudy.

Vancouver—Temperature, 44; rain, .06; weather, cloudy.

Westminster—Temperature, 40; wind, calm; weather, cloudy.

Kamloops—Barometer 30.24; temperature, 40, minimum, 30; wind, S.E., 4 miles; weather, fair.

Barkerville—Barometer, 30.10; temperature, 28, minimum, 26; wind, calm; weather, cloudy.

Neah, Wash.—Barometer, 0.8; temperature, 40, minimum, 4; wind, S.W., 4 miles; rain, .02; weather, cloudy.

San Francisco—Barometer, 30.10; temperature, 54, minimum, 54; wind, N., 4 miles; weather, clear.

Forecasts

For 36 hours ending 5 p.m. Sunday.

Victoria and Vicinity.—Moderate westerly winds; continued fair weather.

Lower Mainland—Moderate winds; continued fair weather.

City News in Brief.

—Drink Blue Ribbon Tea.

The "Rose Maiden," Feb. 1st.

—Many articles suitable for miners cheap for cash at R. A. Brown & Co.'s, 80 Douglas street.

—**Millinery and Jackets greatly below cost for the next three days at the Sterling, 88 Yates street.**

—Mr. and Mrs. William Murton, of Russell street, Victoria West, mourn the loss of their second daughter, Catherine, aged 4 years and 6 months, who died yesterday. The funeral is arranged for Sunday at 2 p. m.

—The programme at the Temperance Hall this evening will be carried out by gentlemen only. All the performers are well known in musical circles and are Victoria's best musicians. Messrs. Barton, Firth, Cave, Russel, Moxon, Goodwin, Monroe, Dr. Robertson, Hicks, Huxtable, Richardson, Pilling, Longfield, sr., Longfield, jr., Brown and Lane.

—The opposition candidates made some speeches in Johns Brothers' hall last evening, when there were present, all told, thirty-four persons, inclusive of several ladies. The government party will hold a meeting in the same hall on Monday, and if the experience of the last campaign holds good there will be a big crowd of electors in attendance.

—Grau's Opera Company, which is now packing the Vancouver Opera House, will play a return engagement at the Victoria Tuesday and Wednesday, Jan. 31 and Feb. 1st, presenting on Tuesday "Olivette" and on Wednesday the 4th act from "Martha" and the entire opera of "Fra Diavolo." An exchange says: "Grau's Opera Company scored its greatest artistic success last night with the presentation of Flotow's melodious opera "Martha." It was a popular success, for the house was crowded with a most appreciative and enthusiastic audience. Great credit is due the company for the spirit and finish with which the opera was both acted and sung."

—Those who are able to attend the performance of Black Patti's Troubadours at the Victoria Theatre on Friday evening may anticipate a treat. The company is one of the best of its kind organized in this or any other country. The fifty artists who comprise the company have been selected with judgment and they offer good support to Black Patti, who ranks among the great singers of the age. The performance they render includes comedy, burlesque, vaudeville and opera, presented with costly costumes and appropriate scenery. All the popular "coon songs" and "buck dances" are introduced in the first part, and the great operatic olio in which Black Patti and her glorious voice are important factors embrace selections from the various standard grand and comic opera.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.
Gold Medal, Midwinter Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

A Pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD

—Lawn mowers and garden tools in variety at R. A. Brown & Co.'s, 80 Douglas street.

—Two vags were apprehended by Sergt. Walker, one of whom was not summoned this morning. The case against the other was remanded until the 31st.

—At 8 o'clock this evening there will be a rehearsal of "Iolanthe" at the Pioneer Hall. All taking part in the opera are requested to attend, and those having books to bring them.

—The writ for the Nelson riding of West Kootenay election to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Hon. Fred. Hume, Provincial Secretary and Minister of Mines, was issued to-day. The date of nomination and election will, as usual, be set by the returning officer.

—A musical troupe from the H.M.S. Sparrowhawk will give a concert at Esquimalt to-night. There will be songs, instrumental music, comic operetta and a sailors' hornpipe. As the navy have in the past assisted the Victorians it is to be hoped that they will return the compliment to-night.

—An employee of the Albion Iron Works named H. Johnson had his foot badly crushed yesterday. It seems that whilst assisting to put down a large boiler plate his foot slipped under it. He was at once removed to the Jubilee Hospital and the medical officers fear that he will lose the use of his foot.

—**Big Clearance Sale, Saturday, Monday and Tuesday at the Sterling, 88 Yates street.**

—For an infraction of the Public Morals By-law Robt. Irvine was this morning sentenced to one month's imprisonment with hard labor. The prisoner has a habit when under the influence of liquor of abusing his mother and breaking the furniture of the house, and a salutary lesson had to be administered by the court.

—The old question of advancing wages to cannery employes, who afterwards fail to fill their portion of the contract, will be discussed in the court next Tuesday. Ah Gu, a Chinese merchant, having summoned Chu Log for stealing $42.50 and Kong Fong for stealing $35 from him by this means. The arrest was made by Constable Carter, and the case was called this morning, but was adjourned to the date indicated.

—On Tuesday evening next, Jan. 31, there will be a grand concert given in Victoria West Methodist church. The chair will be taken at 8 p.m. by Hon. Abraham Smith, American consul. The speakers of the evening will be Mr. Ralph Smith, M.P.P., and Mr. Charles Monroe, M.P.P. Mr. Alex. Henderson, M.P.P., will also assist in the elocutionary part of the programme. Refreshments will be served at the close. Admission 25 cents.

—To-night in Temperance Hall at the Saturday Pops gentlemen only will be the word as far as the performers are concerned. Never before in Victoria has there been got together on one concert platform such a galaxy of talent, including as it does the heads of best musical organizations, choirmasters, organists, etc. The object of these concerts is a most worthy one, hence the willingness of the best talent to assist. To get seats at all it will be necessary to be at the hall before 8 o'clock. Last Saturday evening was a regular crush, and it is expected there will be a larger attendance to-night.

—**For the next three days Dress Goods at your own prices at the Sterling, 88 Yates street.**

—The following notices of motion have been posted by members of the City Council to come before that body on Monday evening: Ald. Stewart will ask leave to introduce a by-law to be known as the Market Fire Hall By-Law, 1899. Ald. Humphrey will ask leave to introduce a by-law for ordering the owner or owners of any real property abutting upon any street to alter sidewalks in front of the real property so owned by him or them at the expense, costs or charges of such owner or owners. Ald. Hayward will move that the treasurer be authorized to pay for the months of January, February and March to the water commissioner and to each official or other employee of the corporation, as they become due, the same amounts respectively as were paid to them as monthly salary for December, 1898.

—On Wednesday night the Choral Union will give the first concert of their third season in Institute Hall, when Frederic Cowen's "Rose Maiden," a work distinguished for elegance of style and the artistic coloring of its orchestration, will be presented. The work accomplished by the Choral Union, under the efficient conductorship of Mr. W. Greig, in introducing music of a high order to the public is already well known, and in undertaking a production of this kind with a selected orchestra of twenty performers, and such well known soloists as Miss Sophie McNiffe, Mrs. Helmcken, Messrs. Cave, Kingham, Goodwin and Barton, are entitled to the support of all interested in high class music. A final rehearsal will be held in Institute Hall on Monday evening at 8 o'clock, at which those holding tickets for the concert will be privileged to attend.

—The annual meeting of First Presbyterian church was held last evening. Reports were read from the Session Board of Management, Sunday school, Ladies' Aid Society, Junior and Senior Endeavor Societies, Boys' Brigade and choir, which showed the congregation to be in a prosperous condition in all branches of church work. The report of the Session showed that 46 were received into church fellowship, 20 baptisms and 16 marriages. The amount of money raised for the mission schemes of the General Assembly and local church purposes was much in advance of that of any year for some time past. The Junior Endeavor Society has undertaken the support of a pupil in the Presbyterian mission school at Indore, Central India. A committee was appointed to consider the purchase of a new organ. At the conclusion the ladies supplied a sociable tea, which was much enjoyed.

—Rev. R. W. Trotter lectured to a small but intensely interested audience last evening in Pemberton Gymnasium. The lecturer's subject was "The Heroism of the Future." In imagination the author returned to Victoria at the close of the twentieth century and graphically depicted the ideal state of society, which had then in the process of society evolution come to be. The struggle between labor and capital had long since been settled, and all classes of society were happy and content in possessing equal privileges and equal opportunities. He urged the young men present to be true heroes and give themselves to the work of hastening this better order of things. But the way to true heroism was the way of self-abnegation, the Christ-like surrender of one's individuality with all its selfish ambitions to the service of humanity. Such heroism was costly from the selfish standpoint, but it is divine.

Along the Waterfront.

Steamer Willapa arrived from the north this morning. She brought an Indian prisoner named Dowse from the Naas, who is charged with breaking in the lock-up at Ayanish and feloniously assaulting a klootchman incarcerated there. He was turned over to the provincial police. News was brought from Skidegate of trouble among the swashes there over the erection of a Salvation Army barracks. The Methodist contingent are attempting to stop the building, and a deputation went over to Metlakatla by the Willapa to consult Indian Agent Todd on the matter. Mr. Murray, of the H. B. Co., and Captain Bonsar, of the SS. Caledonia, from Port Simpson, and S. A. Spencer, from Alert Bay, were among the passengers. The trip was a rough one.

Shipping men will learn with interest that two red sectors have been placed in Fiddle reef light, Baynes channel, showing the fairway when rounding Cadboro point from the northward and rounding Trial Island from the southward. After rounding the above points when the light changes from red to white, the fairway of Baynes channel and Mayor channel is open. The red light shows over the foul ground on the western side of the channels. A notice to mariners giving the details of the red sectors will be issued by the Department of Marine and Fisheries in a few days.

The Ottawa correspondent of the Times wires to-day that the appointment of a new shipping master for Barclay Sound was gazetted to-day. George Fraser has been appointed. He relieves Rev. M. Swartout, a missionary, who filled the position for some time past and whose resignation was recently accepted.

The ship Seminole, now lying at Vancouver, is to be sold to-day in consequence of the suit brought against her by her late master in the admiralty court for back wages. Deputy Sheriff Siddall went up by the Charmer this morning to conduct the sale.

Steamer Walla Walla is due this evening from San Francisco and Queen City from the north. Steamer Queen will sail to-morrow evening for San Francisco.

Capt. John McInnes has returned from Kootenay after having successfully built the steamer Sandon for the lake and river service.

A despatch from Yokohama says the R. M. S. Empress of China left there for Victoria yesterday afternoon.

Steamer Rosalie sailed north this morning. She had 45 passengers and 60 more await her at Vancouver.

Steamer Charmer left Vancouver at 1.15 p. m. and connected with the Pacific express.

Steamer Kingston left Port Townsend for Victoria this afternoon at 2 o'clock.

John Grant and J. H. Turner are two leaders in fighting the British Columbia Alien Exclusion law.—Seattle Post-Intelligencer, January 22.

LOST HIS JOB.

Began to Get Well When He Quit Coffee.

You could not get me to return to coffee after my experience, if you were to give me a gold mine.

Two different physicians who treated me, helped me some, but as soon as I left off the medicines, I went down again. Neither of these doctors told me that coffee was the cause of the trouble.

I was compelled to give up my occupation, and had been for a long time constantly taking medicine of some sort. The trouble was indigestion and constipation, causing loss of sleep, and running me down seriously in weight.

I was discouraged with the drugging and remained ill until I noticed one of your ads. about how coffee affected some people, then thought I would stop drinking it and see if that might not be the cause of my trouble. I took to drinking Postum Cereal Food Coffee, and grew to like it very much indeed. As soon as I stopped drinking common coffee, I began to get well and have increased in weight from 140 to 158. Since beginning Postum, I have never taken a pill or any kind of medicine, and I never felt better in my life.

Grape Nuts and Postum can be found with the following grocers: Erskine, Wall & Co.; E. J. Saunders & Co.; Speed Bros.; J. F. McDonald; Fell & Co.

BYE-ELECTION NOMINATIONS.

The nominations for the bye-elections for the city of Victoria to fill the vacancies caused by the resignation of Messrs. Turner, Hall and McPhillips will be held at the City Hall on Monday next from 12 o'clock till 1 o'clock. Sheriff McMillan will act as returning officer and H. Siddall as deputy.

The formal nomination paper for Mr. Turner was deposited to-day with the sheriff, together with the necessary deposit of $200. His nominators were D. Spencer and W. A. Robertson, and the paper was also signed by Robt. Lettice, R. Seabrooke, Geo. S. Russell and Jos. Somers. His financial agent is Rich. S. Byrne.

Election takes place on Thursday next, Feb. 2nd.

SIX WEEKS IN PAIN DUNGEON.

A Confirmed Invalid From Acute Rheumatism — South American Rheumatic Cure Gives Him His Liberty.

Geo. England, of Chatham, N. B., is a carpenter and ship builder by trade. Through exposure to all kinds of weather he contracted a most acute form of rheumatism. His joints swelled and stiffened, and he was laid up in his bed for six weeks. After doctors had failed to relieve him he tried South American Rheumatic Cure, and to use his own words: "In 24 hours after I had commenced taking the remedy the pain all left me, the swelling subsided and to-day I am a cured man."

Sold by Dean & Hiscocks and Hall & Co.

—Mrs. Hocking and Mrs. Allen desire to convey their sincere thanks to all those kind friends who extended their assistance and sympathy to them in their bereavement through the death of their brother, James Henry Waters.

There is this difference between happiness and wisdom; he that thinks himself the happiest man, really is so; but he that thinks himself the wisest is generally the greatest fool.—Colton.

MECHANICS' STORE

Reduced Prices For Overcoats

When interested in some special bargain, such as these overcoats, marked down from

$16 to $10.95.
$12 to $8.75.
$10 to $6.75.
$8.50 to $5.75.

We are apt to talk nothing else, forgetting that there are many people who don't know that we provide—literally everything man or boy wears—hats and furnishings, as well as suits and overcoats.

W. G. CAMERON,

The acknowledged cheapest Cash Clothier in Victoria, 55 Johnson street.

THE CHURCHES.

Services To-Morrow.

First Congregational Church, Pandora street.—Rev. Fred. Payne, who has just arrived from England to take up the pastorate of this church, commences his labors to-morrow, preaching in the morning at 11 o'clock on the subject of "The Unspeakable Gift," and in the evening at 7 o'clock, when his subject will be "Joy." The Sunday school meets as usual at 2:30, when Mr. Payne will give an address on the subject, "Little Things." Y.P.S.C.E meets at 8:15, after the evening service. All are earnestly invited.

James Bay Methodist Church, Rev. Geo. F. Swinnerton, B.A., pastor.—11 a.m., Rev. W. H. Barraclough, B.A., will preach; 7 p.m., the pastor will give the 5th of the series of sermons on "Life of Christ," illustrated with beautiful lantern views. The subject on Sunday evening will be "The Opening of Christ's Galilean Ministry." All are invited.

First Presbyterian Church.—Rev. Dr. Campbell will occupy the pulpit of First Presbyterian church at both services. Sunday school and pastor's Bible class at 2:30; congregational prayer meeting on Thursday evening, and Christian Endeavor meeting on Tuesday evening.

Calvary Baptist Church.—The pastor, Rev. Ralph W. Trotter, will preach at both services. Regular service at 11 a.m.; Sunday school at 2:30 p.m.; preaching again at 7 p.m. The evening sermon will be addressed particularly to the young people.

Victoria West Methodist Church.—Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. The pastor, Rev. J. D. P. Knox, will conduct the morning service and Rev. J. W. Winslow, of Saanich, will preach in the evening.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, corner of Douglas and Broughton streets, Rev. W. Leslie Clay, minister.—Public worship at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.; Sabbath school at 2:30; Bible class at 3 p.m.; Y.P.S.C.E. after the evening service.

St. Barnabas Church.—Holy eucharist, 8 a.m.; choral matins and Litany, 11 a.m.; choral evensong, 7 p.m.; Rev. B. Haslam will officiate. Rev. W. D. Barber will be the preacher in the morning and Rev. F. Warren, late of St. Mary's, San Francisco, in the evening.

Metropolitan Methodist church, Rev. J. C. Speer, pastor.—11 a.m., "The Holy Spirit in Prophecy;" 2:30 p.m., Sunday school, etc., etc.; 7 p.m., "History of a River Thief," or "What Can Jesus Do?"

Reformed Episcopal.—Rev. Dr. Wilson will preach morning and evening. Morning subject, "The Christian Year;" evening subject, "I Will Arise and Go To My Father."

St. John's Church.—Morning prayer at 11; Sunday school at 2:30; and evensong at 7. The rector, Rev. Percival Jenns, will be the preacher at both services.

St. Saviour's Church.—8 a.m., holy communion; 11 a.m., morning service, Rev. J. B. Haslam; 7 p.m., evening service, Rev. W. D. Barber.

Centennial Church.—Rev. Geo. Swinnerton will preach at 11 a.m. and the pastor in the evening.

Services at the Home of Truth, 71 Discovery street, conducted by Mrs. A. Rillilitz, of San Francisco, at 11 a.m. and 7:30 p.m.; morning topic, "The Sin of Despising Things or People: Its Consequences and Cure;" evening, "The Vices of the Virtuous."

Universal Brotherhood Lodge, No. 87, 28 Broad street (Williams block).—Public lecture at 8:15 p.m. Afternoon class (Lotus Group) for children at 2:30.

Mrs. Spofford will speak at the Herald street mission at 8:30 p.m.

BY HER FRIEND'S TIMELY ADVICE.

A Toronto Lady Was Released From the Monster's Grip.

She Suffered From Terrible Nervous Headaches—Headache Powders Did Her no Good—Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets Cured Her, as They Have Cured Thousands.

"Just as sure as I eat a hearty meal, I have a splitting nervous headache an hour or so afterwards," said a lady to one of her friends a few days ago.

"What do you take for it?" asked the friend.

"Oh! I take a 'headache powder.' But nothing does any good. I have to grin and bear it for three or four hours, when it begins to get better, and gradually passes away."

"You will never get any benefit from headache powders, of any description," said her friend, "for the simple reason that they don't remove the cause of the headache."

"What you need, and the only thing that will cure you is one of Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets after every meal."

"Why, should I take dyspepsia medicine for nervous headache?" queried the sufferer.

"Simply because Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets are a positive cure for every case of Indigestion, and your nervous headaches are caused by Indigestion.

"I can't explain the why and wherefore, to you, but I know that Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets will positively cure nervous headache, for I have proved it by personal experience.

"I used to suffer terribly just as you do. Every hearty meal was sure to be followed by headache. I had to call in our doctor at last, and he told me that Indigestion was the cause of the trouble. He advised me to take Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets, and I did so (they cost fifty cents a box, at the drug stores).

"I haven't had a headache since I began taking them. I only used one box, too. You try them, I know they'll cure you."

And they did—as they always do.

ROYAL JUBILEE HOSPITAL.

Meeting of the Board at the Board of Trade Rooms.

The usual semi-monthly meeting of the above board was held last evening, the hon. president, W. Wilson, in the chair. After the minutes of the previous meeting had been read and adopted communications were read as follows:

From Barbara Lamont, of Montreal, applying for position as head nurse, and producing credentials.

On the motion of Ald. Hayward the letter was received and the secretary instructed to inform the lady there was no vacancy.

From Mr. Edward Mohun, C.E., re the unsatisfactory state of the water drains on the hospital grounds, which were in some cases flooded by the flow from the Mt. Tolmie road.

Ald. Hayward moved it be given to committee of the month with power to act; carried.

The president said it had been suggested that the members should be invited to visit the hospital and that they be approached through Mr. Helmcken.

Resident medical officer reported upon the case of Lina Doughall and had found that she had received all possible medical treatment and was no longer considered a fit patient for free hospital. It was deemed best for the girl to remain, however, and she is still an inmate.

As there was no further business the board then adjourned at 8:30.

Canned Chicken, 25c. can. **Canned Turkey, 25c. can.**

HARDRESS CLARKE,

CORNER OF YATES AND DOUGLAS STREETS

Three Days' Clearance Sale

Commencing Saturday, 28th. January, 1899.

Having just finished stock-taking we offer for the following three days the balance of our

DRESS GOODS REGARDLESS OF COST.

25c. LINE AT 10c. A YARD
50c. LINE AT 20c. and 25c. YD.
75c. LINE AT 35c. and 40c. YD.

As well as our new and stylish stock of Jackets and Millinery below cost.

The Sterling, - - 88 Yates St.

$415,000

UNDERWRITERS' FIRE SALES

We have received instructions of Insurance Companies to sell by Public Auction in lots to suit the trade, and without reserve, at No. 290 St. James street, Montreal, Que., the whole stock of Messrs. McIntyre, Son & Co., a small portion slightly damaged in the late great fire, and comprising: Silks, Cashmeres, Dress Goods, Kid Gloves, Linens, Trimmings, Cambrics, Linings of all kinds, Perfumery, Berlin Wool, about $180,000 worth of Dress Goods and Cashmeres.

Terms will be given on day of Sale. Stock on view on 6th Feb.

The sale will take place on 7th, 8th, 9th February next, at ten o'clock each day,

MARCOTTE BROS., Montreal, Auctioneers.

The Old Country Boot Store

NOTE ONLY ADDRESS, 86 YATES STREET

CALENDERS COMING

Customers desirous of having one of our really artistic calender pictures are requested to leave their names when making purchases, and as the quantity is necessarily limited, we would respectfully urge patrons to have their names registered without delay. Will show in windows on arrival. Note; only at

OLD COUNTRY BOOT STORE, 88 YATES STREET

BEFORE LEAVING FOR ATLIN

GET YOUR

Pocket and Sheath Knives, Camp Cutlery, Compasses, Mining Glasses, From FOX 78 Government St

Mining Magnets, Gold Bags, Hair Clippers and Shears, Razors, etc., etc.

New Vancouver Coal Co., Ld

NANAIMO, B.C.

Samuel M. Robins - - - Superintendent.

Coal Mined by White Labor.....

Best Protection Island Nut Coal **$4.25**
Per ton, delivered.
Good fuel for cooking stoves.

Best Protection Island Lump Coal **$5.50**
Per ton, delivered.

KINGHAM & CO.,
44 FORT STREET,
Sole Agents for Victoria for the New Wellington Colleries.

MUNN, HOLLAND & CO.,
26 BROAD STREET,
J. KNOX, Lampson St., VICTORIA WEST.
Telephone Call No 497. Wharf, Foot of Johnson Street

BICYCLES

Of the following 1899 Models are now on sale at

WAITT & CO'S

60 GOVERNMENT STREET

Columbia, Chainless, ladies' and gents',			$90
Columbia, Chain	do	do	$60
Columbia, Chain		do	$55
Crescent, Chainless	do	do	$75
Crescent, Chain	do	do	$50

Call and see them.
They're good for sore eyes.

TO LOAN Various Amounts on First Mortgage.
Swinerton & Oddy.
106 Government Street.

Thousands drink Blue Ribbon Ceylon Tea every day. Ask any of them what they think of it.

PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE

Chief Justice McColl Says That the Representatives of the Late Frederick Adams Were Paid $5,928 Too Much.

A Business Session Yesterday—Important Questions Answered by the Premier—New Westminster Relief Bill.

Friday, Jan. 27, 1899.

The Speaker took the chair at 2 o'clock. Prayers by Rev. W. Leslie Clay.

RETURNS.

Hon. Mr. Semlin presented a return of the correspondence between the Lieutenant-Governor and the Dominion government respecting the establishment of a mint in British Columbia. The correspondence consisted solely of a letter from the Under Secretary of State acknowledging the Lieutenant-Governor's letter, and stating that it would be submitted to the Governor-General-in-Council.

LANDS AND WORKS COMMISSION

Hon. Mr. Cotton presented a return of the correspondence, evidence and finding of the judge in connection with the Royal Commission of Inquiry appointed under the Public Inquiry Act, September 15th, 1898. The correspondence is voluminous, including as it does all the evidence taken before Mr. Justice McColl into the circumstances respecting the payment of $30,000 to the legal representatives of Frederick Adams, and of the payment of $3,414.87 to Richard Drake in connection with the new parliament buildings. His lordship found that in the first case the amount paid exceeded the amount of the contract by $5,928.23. The architect certified to this amount under the special instructions of Mr. G. B. Martin, then Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works.

Hon. Mr. Cotton presented the official administrator's return for the year.

QUESTIONS.

Mr. Neill asked the Hon. the Premier:

1. Under what authority was the Toronto & British Columbia Lumber Company, Limited, granted timber leases No. 7 and No. 9, Cowichan-Alberni district, on 1st August, 1893, for the period of thirty years, when section 6 of "Land Act Amendment Act, 1892," enacts that timber leases shall not exceed twenty-one years?

2. Has the above named company complied, in regard to lease No. 7, with the provisions of the said act, which provides that a mill shall be built within two years?

3. Have the arrears of rent due on the said leases No. 7 and No. 9 held by the said company, and stated at $17,748.85 in a return to the house on 23rd March last, been paid, and, if so, on what date?

Hon. Mr. Semlin replied as follows:

1. Under authority of 51 Victoria, sec. 54, chap. 66 (Consolidated Acts, 1888), and of an order-in-council approved on the 12th May, 1872. The applications for leases were all made prior to the enactment of the Land Act Amendment Act, 1892.

2. The company has availed itself of the privilege conferred by section 7 of the Land Act Amendment Act, 1895, of paying an annual rental of fifteen cents per acre in lieu of erecting a saw mill.

3. On the 9th June, 1898, the company paid $15,000 in satisfaction of arrears of rental due on the leaseholds.

Mr. Robertson asked:

1. What is the total amount of fees paid by the government since the 8th August last to F. B. Gregory, barrister, Victoria?

2. In respect of what matters?

3. What are the amounts of the various bills for services rendered in each matter, and at what amount allowed by the department?

The Attorney-General promised the required information on Monday.

REAL PROPERTY BILL.

The house went into committee of the whole on the Real Property Bill, Mr. Henderson, New Westminster, in the chair.

The committee passed as far as section 105 and rose to report progress.

REPORTS.

Mr. Kidd presented the report of the printing committee.

BOARDS OF APPOINTMENT BILL.

The house went into committee on the bill respecting appointments to boards and other public offices, Mr. McBride (Dewdney) in the chair.

Hon. Mr. Cotton explained in answer to Col. Baker that the bill was intended to make all appointments to public boards terminate each year.

The bill was reported without amendment, and will be considered at the next sitting.

POWER OF ATTORNEY BILL.

The house went into committee on the bill to amend the Power of Attorney Act, Mr. Macpherson (Vancouver) in the chair.

The bill was reported without amendment, and will be considered at the next sitting.

NEW WESTMINSTER RELIEF.

Hon. Mr. Cotton introduced a bill intituled "an act for the relief of the municipal corporation of the city of New Westminster."

The bill was read a first time.

BILLS OF SALE.

The house went into committee on the Bills of Sale Amendment Bill, Mr. Booth (North Victoria) in the chair.

The bill was reported and will be considered at the next sitting.

PARTNERSHIPS BILL.

The house went into committee on the Partnerships Bill, Mr. Kellie (Revelstoke) in the chair.

The bill was reported and will be considered at the next sitting.

BOILER INSPECTION BILL.

The house went into committee on Hon. Mr. Semlin's bill respecting the inspection of steam boilers, Mr. Green (Slocan) in the chair.

A portion of the bill was passed, and the committee rose to report progress.

SOUTH KOOTENAY RAILWAY.

The house went into committee on the South Kootenay Railway Bill, and considerable discussion arose over the clause, inserted in committee, providing that in case the road obtains a Dominion charter its privileges enjoyed under the provincial charter become void.

Mr. Helmcken commenced a speech objecting to this clause, when the lights went out. After waiting some time the committee rose and reported progress, and it being then nearly six o'clock the house adjourned until Monday.

NOTICES OF MOTION.

By Mr. Prentice—To amend section 26 of the bill to incorporate the Ashcroft Water, Electric & Improvement Company, by adding to the said section the words: "And shall also have the power of supplying water to consumers for domestic, mining, manufacturing and irrigation purposes within the said area."

By Mr. Robertson—For a return showing:

1. What officials since the 8th August, 1898, have been dismissed and from what office.

2. Names of such officials.

3. Length of service by each such official.

4. Length of notice of dismissal in each case.

5. Reason for dismissal in each case.

6. What appointments have been made by the government since August, 1898.

7. Names of the appointees and office to which appointed.

By Mr. Kellie—For leave to introduce an act to amend the Truck Act.

By Mr. Macpherson—For a return of the agreements between the late government and Mackenzie, Mann & Co. in connection with the V., V. & E. and the Stikine-Teslin Railways.

By Mr. Neill—For a select committee consisting of Messrs. Macpherson, R. Smith, Robertson, Clifford and the mover to enquire into the circumstances attending the granting on 1st August, 1893, of leases 7 and 9, Cowichan-Alberni, to the Toronto & B. C. Lumber Company, and in regard to the said company not having built a mill, and to enquire into the circumstances of the payment by the company of $15,000 in alleged satisfaction of arrears of rental previously stated to amount to $17,748.85, with power to send for persons and papers and to examine witnesses under oath.

THE NEW WESTMINSTER BILL.

The New Westminster Relief Act, which was introduced by Hon. Mr. Cotton, consists of a lengthy preamble, 23 sections and a schedule which shows the different by-laws by which the the city of New Westminster raised money, the amounts so raised and the dates these amounts are payable.

These amount to $953,000, and fall due at different times between 1939 and 1944.

The act provides for the establishment of a board of debenture commissioners, one selected by the municipality and two selected by a majority of the debenture holders. These commissioners are to be paid not more than $250 a year each.

The time for the payment of the respective debentures is extended to such a period as shall be sufficient to enable the corporation to provide for their payment by means of a sinking fund.

"Interest debentures" may be issued for a sum which shall not exceed three-fifths of the total amount of interest which will accrue on debentures during 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, and shall bear interest at the rate of 5 per cent. None of these interest debentures shall fall due before 31st December, 1909.

Debentures to the amount of $200,000 may be issued, called temporary debentures, with interest at 5 per cent.

During 1901 and every year thereafter, until the interest debentures and temporary debentures are paid, the corporation shall raise sufficient money to pay the interest on these debentures and to establish a sinking fund to be applied for the redemption of the debentures.

The interest which shall accrue from 1899 to 1903 on the original city debentures shall be paid thus: The city shall pay two-fifths in cash and three-fifths in interest debentures.

The corporation shall not in any one year redeem more than 10 per cent. of either the interest debentures or temporary debentures.

It shall not be necessary for the corporation to levy any rate for the purpose of providing a sinking fund for the redemption of the original city debentures until after December 31, 1909.

It is provided that the original city debentures shall be repaid by lot after 1909, and that money which has been contributed for relief shall be vested in the corporation with power to apply it to corporation purposes or to charitable purposes, as shall be determined by by-law.

DOCTORS TESTIFY.

There's strong testimony by eminent physicians of wonderful cures made by Dr. Chase's Family Remedies—particularly Dr. Chase's Ointment.

—Novelties in Candle and Lamp Shades at Weiler Bros.

Free Art Classes

The Canadian Royal Art Union Limited, of Montreal, Canada,

Offers free courses in art to those desiring same. The course includes drawing and painting from still life, models and for magazine work. These courses are absolutely free, and application for admission may be made at any time.

The Canadian Royal Art Union Limited, was founded for the purpose of encouraging art, and distributes works of art at each of its monthly drawings, which are held on the last day of each month.

For further particulars apply to

The Canadian Royal Art Union, Limited,

238 and 240 St James st., Montreal, P. Q.

Next Drawing; Tuesday, Jan. 31st

C. P. N. Co., Ld., Steamers

Will leave Turner, Beeton & Co.'s wharf for

Dyea, Skagway, Wrangel

As follows, viz.:

"Tees" February 1.

"Danube" February 8

And from Vancouver at 12, noon, on following days

For freight and passage apply at the office of the company, 64 Wharf street, Victoria, B.C. The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

Klondike, Yukon and Atlin Traffic.

The Canadian Development Co., Ld.

Are prepared to handle through freight and passenger traffic from Coast Points

Dawson City, The Klondike, Yukon and Atlin Goldfields.

SEVEN FINE STEAMERS.
COMPLETE TRAFFIC ARRANGEMENTS.
SPLENDID EQUIPMENTS.
REASONABLE RATES.

For rates and information apply to the Company's Office, 32 Fort Street, Victoria, B.C.

H. MAITLAND KERSEY, Managing Director.

Washington & Alaska SS. Co'y.

SS. City of Seattle

Leaves Outer Wharf on

SUNDAY, JANUARY 22

—FOR—

SKAGWAY AND DYEA

And Intermediate Points.

DODWELL & CO., LD., AGENTS, 64 Government Street. Telephone 580.

Atlin Gold Fields

STEEL STEAMSHIP

AMUR

Leaves Porter's wharf

Monday the 30th January,

FOR

SKAGWAY, DYEA, JUNEAU, WRANGEL,

AND WAY PORTS.

For freight and passenger rates apply

Bennett Lake & Klondike Navigation Co.

39 Government St., Victoria.

ALASKA STEAMSHIP CO'Y.

For Alaska and the Gold Fields.

STEAMERS

Rosalie and Dirigo

Sail from Outer Wharf, Victoria, for Vancouver, Mary Island, Metlakahtla, Ketchikan, Wrangel, Juneau, Skagway and Dyea.

EVERY THURSDAY

For full particulars apply to NORMAN HARDIE, Agent, 64 Government street, Victoria, B.C. Telephone 580.

SS. CUTCH

WILL SAIL TO

Shoal Bay, Rivers Inlet, Skeena River and Wrangel, Skagway, Way Ports

ON THE

FEBRUARY 4, 1899, AT 8 P.M.

From Porter's Wharf.

For dates and particulars apply to

HALL, GOEPEL & CO., . . AGENTS, VICTORIA.

TRANSPORTATION.

NOTICE.

VICTORIA-SKAGWAY

The Steamer Horsa is withdrawn until further notice.

J. B. McKILLIGAN, General Agent.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.

(LIMITED.)

WHARF STREET, VICTORIA.

Time Table No. 39—Taking Effect January 1st, 1899.

VANCOUVER ROUTE.

Victoria to Vancouver daily except Monday at 1 o'clock.

Vancouver to Victoria daily except Monday at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

NEW WESTMINSTER ROUTE.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner and Lulu Island Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2, going east, Monday.

For Plumper Pass, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass, Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Moresby Island, Thursday morning at 7 o'clock.

NORTHERN ROUTE.

Steamships of this company will leave for Port Simpson and intermediate points, via Vancouver, the 1st and 15th of each month, at 8 o'clock.

KLONDIKE ROUTE.

Steamships of this company will leave for Wrangel, Juneau, Dyea and Skagway weekly.

BARCLAY SOUND ROUTE.

Steamer "Queen City" leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 10th, 30th and 20th of each month, extending latter trips to Quatsino and Cape Scott.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

Save Money

BY TAKING MOST DIRECT ROUTE EAST

CANADIAN PACIFIC R'Y

—AND—

SOO PACIFIC LINE

THROUGH PALACE AND TOURIST SLEEPERS.

TO MINNEAPOLIS, ST. PAUL, TORONTO, MONTREAL, AND BOSTON

Without Change.

For rates, folders and all information, call on or address:

B. W. GREER, Agent. Cor. Government and Fort streets.

Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway

TIME CARD.

Effective Nov. 19, '98.

VICTORIA TO WELLINGTON No. 2 Daily	VICTORIA TO WELLINGTON No. 4 Sat'y		WELLINGTON TO VICTORIA No. 1 Daily	WELLINGTON TO VICTORIA No. 3 Sat'y
a.m.	p.m.		p.m.	p.m.
9:00	3:00	Lv Victoria Ar.	12:00	6:25
9:30	3:29	" Goldstream Lv	11:33	5:59
10:19	4:14	" Shawnigan Lake "	10:42	5:06
10:58	4:45	" Duncan "	10:04	4:37
12:30	6:06	" Nanaimo "	8:30	3:23
12:45	6:20	Ar. Wellington Lv	8:25	3:10
p.m			a.m.	

Reduced rates to and from all points on Saturdays and Sundays, good to return on Monday.

For rates and all information apply at company's offices.

GEO. L. COURTNEY, Traffic Manager.
A. DUNSMUIR, President.

Esquimalt & Nanaimo R'y Co.

STEAMSHIP

"CITY OF NANAIMO"

Will sail as follows, calling at way ports as freight and passengers may offer.

Lv. Victoria for Nanaimo, Tues., 7 a.m.
Lv. Nanaimo for Comox, Wed., 7 a.m.
Lv. Comox for Nanaimo, Friday, 8 p.m.
Lv. Nanaimo for Victoria, Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight, ticket and staterooms, apply on board. GEO. L. COURTNEY, Traffic Manager.

OCEANIC Steamship Company

FOR Hawaii, Samoa, New Zealand and Australia.

SS. AUSTRALIA to sail Wednesday, February 8th, '99, at 2 p.m., for HONOLULU only.

SS. MOANA to sail Wednesday, February 22, at 10 p.m.

Line to COOLGARDIE, Aus., and CAPETOWN, South Africa.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO., Agents, 114 Montgomery St., Freight office, 327 Market street, San Francisco.

TRANSPORTATION.

—THE—

White Pass and Yukon Route

THE PACIFIC & ARCTIC RAILWAY & NAVIGATION COMPANY.
BRITISH COLUMBIA & YUKON RAILWAY COMPANY.

From Skaguay, Alaska, to the Summit of White Pass in a Comfortable Railway Train.

D. D. Jones has been appointed Customs Agent for the White Pass & Yukon Route in Alaska and British Columbia. He will make his headquarters at Skagway. The appointment is made that patrons of the White Pass & Yukon Route will not be subject to troublesome delays or excessive duties.

150 Pounds Baggage Free.

Investigate Fully. Do Not Be Misled.

WE GUARANTEE DELIVERY AT LAKE BENNETT OR ATLIN CITY.
GOODS SHIPPED THROUGH IN BOND.

SKAGUAY IS THE GATEWAY

TO YUKON, KLONDIKE AND ATLIN.

FOR RATES APPLY TO

J. H. GREER, Commercial Agent, 16 Trounce Avenue, Victoria.
L. H. GRAY, General Traffic Manager, Dexter Horton Building, Seattle, Wash.

Send 2 cents in stamps to any of our agents for our new map of Atlin.

THE CHILKOOT PASS ROUTE

Chilkoot Railroad & Transport Co.
Alaska Railway & Transportation Co.
Dyea-Klondike Transporation Co.

The Tramway will be Open for Business 1st January, '99

Having handled three-fourths of the traffic over this route last season, the tramway will be in a better position than ever to give a prompt, safe and efficient service during the season of 1899.

Remember the Tramway is an United States Bonded Carrier and goods may be shipped from British Columbia Points through Alaska in Bond.

For rates and full particulars apply to the following representatives in Victoria:

DODWELL & CO., Ltd. R. P. RITHET & CO., Ltd.
CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.

O. R. & N.

—AND—

Oregon Short Line

LOWEST RATES. SHORTEST ROUTE.

Seattle to all points East and Southeast, via Portland, Salt Lake City and Denver. Pullman palace sleepers, upholstered tourist sleepers and free reclining chair cars; steam heat, Pintsch light.

For tickets to or from any points in the United States, Canada or Europe, call on or address

RICHARD HALL, Agent, 100 Government Street.
E. E. ELLIS, Gen. Agent, Seattle.
W. H. HULBURT, G. P. A., Portland.

NORTHERN PACIFIC (YELLOWSTONE PARK LINE)

TO SPOKANE, ROSSLAND, NELSON, KASLO, SANDON, GRAND FORKS KETTLE RIVER HELENA, BUTTE, ST. PAUL, CHICAGO, and all points East and South

....RUNS....

PULLMAN SLEEPING CARS, ELEGANT DINING CARS, UPHOLSTERED TOURIST SLEEPING CARS.

Quick Time Good Service.

RATES AS LOW AS OTHER LINES

For all information, time cards, maps, etc., call on or address

E. E. BLACKWOOD, Freight and Passenger Agent, Victoria, British Columbia.
A. D. CARLTON, Assistant General Passenger Agent, 225 Morrison street, Portland, Ore.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS

TO ALL POINTS

To or From Europe

Via St. John, Halifax, Boston or New York, and all steamship lines.

For all information as to sailings, rates, etc., apply

B. W. GREER, Agent. Cor. Government and Fort Sts.

Victoria and Texada Island.

STR. CLAYOQUOT

WILL LEAVE

Victoria for Nanaimo, Thursday.....6 a.m.
Nanaimo for Texada, Friday.....7 a.m.
Texada for Nanaimo, Saturday.....7 a.m.
Nanaimo for Victoria, Tuesday.....6 a.m.
Calling at way ports.

Every Wednesday at 7 a.m. for Sooke and return same day.

For rates apply on board or at Porter's Wharf.

Puget Sound & Alaska Steamship Co.

TIME CARD No. 15.

Effective Nov. 14th, 1898. Subject to change without notice.

Str. City of Kingston

FROM TACOMA, DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAY).

Lv. Tacoma 8:00 a.m.
Ar. Seattle 10:00 a.m.
Lv. Seattle 10:30 a.m.
Ar. Port Townsend 1:15 p.m.
Lv. Port Townsend 1:30 p.m.
Ar. Victoria 4:15 p.m.

FROM VICTORIA, DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAY).

Lv. Victoria 8:00 p.m.
Ar. Port Townsend 10:45 p.m.
Lv. Port Townsend 11:00 p.m.
Ar. Seattle 1:45 a.m.
Lv. Seattle 2:15 a.m.
Ar. Tacoma 4:15 a.m.

E. E. BLACKWOOD, Agent.

Victoria & Sidney RAILWAY.

Trains will run between Victoria and Sidney as follows:

DAILY:

Leave Victoria at 7:00 a.m., 4:00 p.m.
Leave Sidney at 8:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m.

SATURDAY AND SUNDAY:

Leave Victoria at.....7:00 a.m., 2:00 p.m.
Leave Sidney at 8:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m.

ALONG THE ATLIN TRAIL

What an Episcopalian Missionary Has to Say of the Terrors of the Frozen Skagway Trail.

A Lonely Suicide – Many Prospectors Thought to Have Met With Disaster Near Windy Arm.

A missionary who was recently appointed by the Episcopal Board of Missions of New York to work at Skagway and Atlin writes as follows of his trip in to the new gold fields:

Arriving in Alaska after my appointment, I found my bishop had gone east, and as I could not hear from him for six weeks and his last instructions were to follow where the children of the church could be cared for, I determined to follow the people that had gone into Atlin, look over the field and see what could be done. Atlin! Atlin! Atlin! was on nearly everybody's tongue. From what we heard, nearly half of Juneau and all of Skagway were going into Atlin in the spring; my two boys were fired with the same desire. So to Atlin I bent my steps. The fearful swamp trail and marsh of the preceding spring had been greatly overcome, and the "iron horse" has robbed the trail of its terrors between Skagway and White Pass City, where, on Sunday, October 23rd, I held service. Monday a snowstorm was raging, so we could not venture on the trail. On Tuesday it was again snowing, and again we gave up the idea of taking the trail. Wednesday, however, we heard that a pack train was going out, so nothing daunted my two boys and I started, it snowing still. The trail was a constant ascent for the next six miles and the weight of our pack seemed heavier and heavier. The only benefit the rocks were to us was to rest our packs on, and the farther up we went the oftener we had to rest; and still it snowed.

We ate a "dry" lunch at noon, and continued on our journey. At night we simply took the two Yukon sleds and laid them side by side and, rolling ourselves up in blankets, we laid down to sleep, covering our heads and bodies with a piece of canvas, which lapped to the ground at the head and was tucked under the end of the sleds at the feet. Two Yukon sleds did not make a wide bed for three to sleep on, so we huddled together as close as we could, not like sardines, for these generally lie flat, and we could only lie on our sides. We had no desire to be too one-sided, so every now and then we would call "turn," and then, carefully, we each rolled around until the other side had a fair showing on the boards. We laid us down—for sleep, as a matter of fact, we couldn't. We were warm enough, which surprised me, for I never before had slept out in a snowstorm. It was not the cold that we suffered from that night, for we never knew till then how tenderly disposed we were in the human flesh, or how hard a board could hold its own against us.

Day dawned, and the snow which came heavier in the night had ceased falling. Excepting for the heavy white mantle which had hidden nature's imperfections—our own as well, the day was clear and beautiful. It was hard to realize that over this very trail 4,000 horses had yielded up their lives, a sacrifice to the energy, determination and in some cases to the selfishness of man. Yet here and there along the trail a packsaddle would be seen still raised above the snow, the only visible remains of the horse that had carried it, and died beneath its burden.

Last summer one could almost step from horse to horse in many places, so frequently had they laid down and died. In several places, as it was, the frozen remains, or the bare ribs of a horse, served to make a stepping stone to carry us over marshy places dry shod. Though, as a fact, we had moccasins on, and they were wet.

Down some of the banks, which were precipitous, horses would roll over and over and with a thud they reached the bottom, and in many cases where their necks were not broken they would surprisingly get on their feet, walk back gradually along the ledges until the trail was reached and take their place again in the packtrain. When spring came again, however, there were found at the foot of one of those ledges as many as 30 horses or mules.

One man, who started on the old Telegraph route with 17 horses, reached White Pass City with just three, and there he has been ever since. He struck for the Yukon, but said he, "it's all for the best: Atlin beats them all." One thing I feel certain of, the man who gets the gold deserves it.

During the first rush things were most repellent. Even the cold, stony bluffs and icy peaks of Skagway's surroundings sent the chill into many hearts—many never venturing farther than the landing place, scarce going ashore to sell their goods and returning on the same boat that brought them up. Others tried the pass, but "excelsior" was not for them. A few miles of mud and morass were all that were needed to end their Yukon trip, and so along the pass nearly every mile bore witness to the severity of the ascent in the yielding and returning of some weary soul. Some cried; some swore, whilst others, though they were few, accepted quietly the conditions and returned.

At Log Cabin, the new and comfortable quarters of the Mounted Police, we slept in a tent belonging to one of the officers, not even lighting a fire, although the snowfall here had been very heavy, and it was much colder.

It is said that "one's hand is in one's pocket" all the time on this route, but here one hands his purse over to meet the duties. It certainly is expensive making the trip, and one need not think to get in and out on a small footing.

Next day we started bright and early, reaching Lake Linderman about 1:30, and Bennett one hour later. Between these two lakes on a mound near the roadway, where the Chilkoot and Skagway trails meet, is a grave; the grave of a poor fellow who attempted to run the rapids connecting the two and lost all he had by striking a rock. Returning home, his father-in-law outfitted him again. He arrived at the rapids and watched the men who ran boats through for $10 each, if requiring two men to handle a boat; refused their tender of services, as he did before, and again attempted the rapids alone, only to meet with the same result. He then walked up the hill to where he could look down on the cause of his loss and shot himself. He lies unknown and in a measure uncared for except as a feeling of regret comes over one as he is told the story.

For this one who was found there are hundreds that will never be heard from, who have been wrecked off Windy Arm, or the rapids below, or have been seen to disappear through the ice.

As we arrived at Bennett a boat loaded with five men and a dog was just leaving. This was Friday. We enquired about steamers running down to Lake Atlin. One was laid up for the winter, another came in and laid up, and the last one laid up on her return trip. There was nothing to do but buy a boat and go it alone. I put up notices of services, kindly assisted by Mr. Partridge, of that town; staid over till Monday and started out in a small boat, 18 feet long, which I bought. We started in a snow storm, and as it was cold we lighted a fire in our stove and kept it burning in the boat all the way down. A gentle breeze being in our favor we hoisted our sail. Along the shores of Bennett stools and benches stood as though human beings were near to use them, but beyond the impregnation of the soil with the germs of disease they were all that were left of the crowds of people that lined its banks one season back. Rowing and sailing the day long, we soon made the stretch of Lake Bennett and camped for the night, putting up our tent. The next morning we could plainly see tracks of bears and cougars along the shore, and were glad that we did not know it the night before.

That day we made on past Caribou crossing and the police station, and almost without knowing it struck little Windy Arm. Unfortunately we were on the farther shore and the wind was blowing directly across it. We had a long run to make to get to shelter, which was under the lea of the mountains on the southern and eastern shore, and we were on the northern and western shore. I did not know as much of Windy Arm then as I do now, and as for crossing it I would never have made the attempt, but I did make the attempt and succeeded in crossing it, thank God.

The next day we reached Atlin after a hard voyage and none the worse for our trip.

Doctoring on a Business Basis



Medicines, more than anything else in the world, stand solely upon their merits. Nobody uses a worthless medicine but once, and there is no subject more generally discussed than diseases and their remedies. Only the best survive the crucial test of popular experience. One of the few remedies with half a century of successful practice to its credit is Shiloh's Cough and Consumption Cure. It is sold on a positive and business-like guarantee. The following is printed on the outside wrapper of every bottle:

"You must acknowledge that it would be the height of folly to guarantee this medicine, unless we have positive evidence that it will relieve and cure these complaints. While there are many other good remedies, the proprietors have not the faith to guarantee them. All we ask of you is to use two-thirds of the contents of this bottle faithfully, then if you can say that you are not benefited, return the bottle to your druggist, and he may refund the price paid, only requiring you to write your name and address in this blank as evidence of good faith, and as a record which we desire to preserve. S. C. WELLS Company, Proprietors, Le Roy, N. Y."

Shiloh's Cure stops the ravages of the germs of consumption by destroying them and enabling the effected parts to heal. The tonic properties of Shiloh strengthen the weakened mucous membranes and enable them to throw off the deadly bacilli. Taken in connection with special nourishment, hygienic living, and clothing in pure wool, the sufferer from incipient consumption is sure of a complete recovery. Shiloh's Cure is for sale by all druggists at 25c., 50c. and $1.00 a bottle throughout the United States and Canada. In England 1s. 2d., 2s. 3d. and 4s. 6d.

NATURE'S DIMPLES

Disappear, and Beauty Fades Under the Shadow of Tormenting Skin Troubles. But Dr. Agnew's Ointment is a Quick and Safe Healer.

The unceasing torment of an itching skin, which is the natural consequence and outcome of such skin diseases as tetter, salt rheum, ring worm, eczema, ulcers, blotches and other skin eruptions is allayed in an instant with one application of Dr. Agnew's Ointment, and in a very few days the most stubborn cases give way to its magic healing power and leave the skin whole, perfect, clear and as soft as a baby's. It will cure piles in from three to five nights.

Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills are the cheapest made. 20 cents for forty doses.

Sold by Dean & Hiscocks and Hall & Co.

"77"

Is Dr. Humphreys' Specific for Coughs, Colds, Influenza and

GRIP

A Perfect Cure.

To get the best results from the use of "SEVENTY-SEVEN" don't stop taking as soon as relieved or when the acute symptoms subside, continue its use for some time to get a perfect cure. It will tone up the system and there will be no danger of a relapse or of evil after effect.

If you will carry a vial of "77" in your pocket and take frequently you will escape the Grip. "77" prevents Pneumonia.

At druggists or sent prepaid: 25c, 50c and $1.00.

DR. HUMPHREYS'S BOOK SENT FREE.

Humphreys's Med. Co., Cor. William and John streets, New York. Be sure to get

HUMPHREYS'

CANADIAN BREWITIES.

Toronto, Jan. 27.—It is rumored that the P. & O. Steamship Company will place steamers on the route to China, Japan and Australia to compete with the Canadian Pacific.

AMERICAN ARMY BILL.

Washington, Jan. 27. — Republican opposition to the army reorganization bill has become so strong that to-day Chairman Hull decided it would be wise in order to insure its passage to abandon the idea of providing directly for a regular army of 100,000 men. He announced that the committee would offer amendments to increase the number of enlisted men to about 60,000, but lodge in the President's discretion the authority to increase the army to a maximum of 100,000.

Consumption,

If Properly Treated, is Curable—Left to Itself it is Slow, Sure and Deadly.

There is no human ailment so destructive of life as Consumption. It is the weapon of the grim reaper, carrying off its victims at any time, and in no month or in no season can they feel sure of immunity.

Modern medical science has made many discoveries along many different lines, but in no case is the human race under a greater debt of gratitude than to that distinguished and eminent chemist, Dr. T. A. Slocum, whose researches have resulted in a cure for consumption, bronchitis and all throat and lung troubles—a cure that exterminates the cause, builds the body and kills the germ of disease.

To prove the efficacy of this cure, three bottles are offered free to any sufferer. All that is necessary is to put your name, post office and nearest express office on a postcard and mail it to The T. A. Slocum Medical Co., Limited, 179 King street west, Toronto, Ont., stating you saw this free offer in the Victoria Times, when the three bottles will be sent to you at once.

This test costs you nothing, and it is a duty you owe to yourself and your friends to try the Slocum cure.

DYSPEPSIA GROANS for what nature alone provides for this stomach curse. Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets are nature's panacea for all stomach ills. Pleasant and positive cure for Sour Stomach, Distress after Eating, Loss of Appetite, Wind on the Stomach, Dizziness, Nausea, Catarrh of the Stomach, Sick Headache and all disorders directly traceable to sluggish digestive organs. 35 cents. Dean & Hiscocks and Hall & Co.

Sold by Dean & Hiscocks and Hall & Co.

France has kept 200,000 tons of coal stored at Toulon since 1883, to be ready in case war should break out.

PERMANENT CURE

OF A

SCALY, SKIN DISEASE.

Mr. Geo. Tribe, of Straffordville, Ont., cured by B.B.B. 5 years ago of an Itching, Scaly, Skin Disease.

HE HAS NEVER BEEN TROUBLED SINCE.

"FROM a common pimple to the worst scrofulous sore," has been a common way of expressing the range of skin diseases that Burdock Blood Bitters will cure. All those facial eruptions and blotches which disfigure the features are promptly removed by its use, as well as the more severe forms which wreck the health and undermine the system. But B.B.B. works in its own peculiar way. There is nothing of the temporary or transient about the cures B.B.B. makes.

It always builds up the health and strength on the foundation of *Pure, Rich Blood*, and in consequence the cures it makes are of a permanent and lasting nature.

We again prove the permanency of the cures it makes by the case of Mr. George Tribe, Straffordville, Ont., who wrote the following letter respecting his case.



MR. GEORGE E. TRIBE.

It is Dated February 5th, 1894.

"I have used Burdock Blood Bitters for a severe form of skin disease from which I have been a sufferer for three years.

"I have taken in all six bottles and am now entirely cured.

"I tried various remedies, but none of them did me any good.

"I doctored one year with the best physicians in the land; they pronounced my disease a Scaly Eruption, but could not remove it.

"It came on in red blotches and spread over my body. The skin became dry and formed hard, white scales. The itching was intolerable, but I am now completely cured, and I owe it all to B.B.B. I advise all sufferers to use it, as its equal cannot be found."

GEORGE TRIBE.

Here's what Mr. Tribe says:

July 16th, 1898.

"I have had no return of that terrible skin disease with which I was afflicted some four or five years ago. The cure made by Burdock Blood Bitters then has been permanent, and if you want it I could give you as good a testimonial as ever was published, as my cure was a remarkable one."

GEORGE E. TRIBE.

After reading such testimony as the above, who can doubt the efficacy of B.B.B. in all forms of skin disease.

There is no other remedy that can show cures of such obstinate and chronic diseases. No other medicine can offer so conclusive proofs of these cures being permanent.

Any one troubled with any itching, burning, irritating skin disease can place full reliance on B.B.B. to effect a cure, no matter what other remedies have failed.

B.B.B. is purely vegetable, contains no harsh or injurious drugs and can be taken by the most delicate.

If you would like to hear from Mr. Tribe personally, write him, enclosing stamp for reply, and we have no doubt he would be only too pleased to answer you, giving full details of his case.

MUNICIPAL NOTICE.

ADJOURNED TAX SALE.

Real Property Tax Sale By-Law, 1898.

List of Lands and Improvements within the Corporation of the City of Victoria to be sold for Taxes, Interest and Costs, on the 30th day of January, 1899, at the City Hall, Victoria, at 12 o'clock noon, in pursuance of "The Victoria Real Property Tax Sale By-Law, 1898," unless in the meantime the arrears of Taxes, Interest and Costs due in respect of each Lot in the Schedule hereunder written be paid.

Lot.	Block.	Section.	Lands and Improvements	Assessed Owner.	Registered Owner.	Total Amount of Taxes due to the 31st Dec. 1898, with Cost.	Collector's Commission on the Continuance expenses of sale.	Total Amount of Taxes, Interest and Costs
East ½ Part 171	25		Land and Imp	J. H. Seeley	Part W. C. S. Seeley, part W. C. S. Seeley and Emanuel Baria, part Sarah C. N. M. Renworth	147 08	9 39	163 57
Part 171	25		do do	Mrs. W. C. Seeley, Seeley and Baria		69 00	4 71	80 47
Part 171	25		do			66 30	4 55	83 10
N. part 406	13		do and Imp	D. F. Adams	James Porter	228 75	14 30	265 83
784	16		do and Imp	M. King	Michael King and Lewis Casey	28 20	2 28	35 67
E. part 794	10		do do	Mary Jamieson	Not registered	22 55	2 04	28 73
808	10		do and Imp	King & Casey	Henry John Scott	41 85	5 08	52 65
809	10		do	do	Michael King and Lewis Casey	39 60	2 94	49 86
810	10		do	do	do do	39 60	2 94	49
E. ½ 828	J		do and Imp	Lucy Thiebault	Lucie Thiebault	44 01	3 28	55
1050	Z		do	J. Bigne	Not registered	58 64	4 09	73 57
1031	Z		do and Imp	Mrs. Rose Wallace	James Wallace	18 40	1 68	23 71
1046	7		do	Shelton & Fleming	Frank Shelton and Lizzie Fleming	32 10	2 50	40 13
5 of 1770-71	61		do	Est. Mrs. Snow	Not registered	11 16	1 24	14 44
6 of 1797-8	61		do	Est. Mrs. Snow	Not registered	11 16	1 24	14 44
7 of 1797 8	61		do	do	do	11 16	1 24	14 44
1767	63		do	Est. W. C. S. Seeley	William C. S. Seeley	52 92	3 74	66 44
1872	61		do and Imp	do	do	67 60	4 63	84 82
10	4	No. 19, Ross Est.	do	Catherine J. John	Catherine J. John	6 60	96	8 78
22 of Suburban	5 acre lot	No. 3	do	Elizabeth Pierre	Thomas G. Marshall	9 00	1 10	11 76
9 do	do	E. ½ 6	do	A. Pujol	Auguste Pujol	6 30	95	8 41
10 do	do	do	do	do	do	6 84	98	9 08
C. pt. 5 of Su	do	No. 12	do	Chas. McTeigh	John McTeigh	126	64	2 11
E. pt. 5 of do	do	No. 12	do	P. L. McTeigh	do	5 58	90	7 49
W. pt. 6 of do	do	No. 12	do	do	do	6 30	94	8 40
30 do	do	No. 19	do	Joseph McTeigh	do	6 50	97	9 03
C. pt. 8 of do	do	No. 12	do	John McTeigh	do	13 68	1 39	17 5
13 do	do	No. 17	do	M. King	Michael King	12 60	1 72	16 31
14 do	do	No. 17	do	do	do	16 20	1 54	20 74
17 do	do	No. 17	do	King & Casey	Michael King and Lewis Casey	20 40	1 80	25 1 7
18 do	do	No. 17	do and Imp	do	do do	14 40	1 43	18 1 3
19 do	do	No. 17	do	do	do do	13 68	1 39	17 5
20 do	do	No. 17	do	do	do	5 84	92	7 84
W. ½ 36 do	do	No. 19	do	Mrs. John Smith	John Smith	5 84	92	7 84
W. ½ 59 do	do	No. 19	do	do	do	34 80	2 65	43 88
31	20	Beckley Farm	do and Imp	Fred McGraw	Frederick McGraw	13 74	1 40	17 67
W. ½ 32	20	do	do	do	do	21 45	1 50	27 25
5	17	do	do do	John Armstrong	John Armstrong	10 45	1 20	13 57
2	3	74	do	Agnes Reid	Agnes Reid	7 25	1 00	9 58
3	3	74	do	do	do	2 43	72	3 59
2	4	74	do	W. Falconer	William Falconer	3 78	89	5 28
20 of 3	7-9	Fernwood Estate	do	W. J. Jeffree	William J. Jeffree	443 37	27 20	553 16
N. part	21 22	do	do and Imp	P. S. Finnerty, et al	Sarsfield, Joseph, Kate, Anna and John Fenerty	131 26	8 45	168 98
N. part	36	do	do do	do do	do	11 31	1 25	14 03
15	69	do	do do	Robert Ewin	Robert Ewin	13 74	1 40	17 67
253	13	Hillside Ext. "C"	do do	Mrs. L. Winnett	Lydia Winnett	15 27	1 50	19 94
255	13	do "C"	do do	do	do	3 96	80	5 49
14	1-2 Ac.	22 (Map 332)	do	Abel Douglas	George Douglas	75 40	5 10	94 44
	10	29-30 Oaklands	do	C. Farrington	Not registered	2 54	73	3 73
10 of 2	56-57 Ac	do	do and Imp	M. Matson	Mat Matson	8 92	1 10	11 62
3	18 19	Victoria West	do	McKay & Cannell	Kenneth Cannell and Alex. McKay			

CITY TREASURER AND COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, City Hall, Victoria, B. C., Decem ber 28th, 1898.

CHAS. KENT,
COLLECTOR OF THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF VICTORIA, B. C.

BINDER TWINE FOR SALE.

Sealed tenders, endorsed "Tender for Twine," and addressed, "Inspector of Penitentiaries, Ottawa," will be received until Wednesday, the 15th day of February, inclusive for the prospective output of the twine factory at the Kingston Penitentiary for the current year. The lot consists, approximately, of five hundred (500) tons of "Pure Manilla," "Mixed" and "Pure Sisal" twine, and includes the twine on hand and manufactured since the 1st of August last, as well as that which may be manufactured before the 1st of August next. The twine will be delivered f.o.b. cars Kingston in quantities to suit the purchaser. The Penitentiary warehouse to be cleared of all twine on the 1st of August next, at which date the contract will terminate.

Terms, cash on delivery.

The quality of the twine may be ascertained by inspection at the Penitentiary warehouse.

Tenders should state the price per pound for each grade, and must be accompanied by an accepted cheque for two thousand dollars, payable to the Minister of Justice, which, in the event of the tender being accepted, will be retained by the Department as a guarantee of the faithful performance of the contract, and accounted for in final settlement.

DOUGLAS STEWART,
Inspector of Penitentiaries.
Ottawa, January 12th, 1899.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia, at the present session thereof, for an act to incorporate a company with power to construct, equip, operate and maintain a railway, of standard or any other gauge, from a point at or near Log Cabin, on the White Pass, in the Province of British Columbia, by the most feasible route to a point at or near the Taku Arm of Tagish Lake; thence to Atlin City, on the shores of Atlin Lake, and thence to Telegraph Creek, on the Stikine River, all in the Province of British Columbia, with power to construct, operate and maintain branch lines and all necessary roads, ways, bridges and ferries, and to build, own and maintain wharves and docks in connection therewith, and to build, own and maintain steam and other vessels and boats and to operate the same on any navigable waters within the Province of British Columbia connecting with the said railway line, and with power to build, equip, operate and maintain telegraph and telephone lines in connection with the said railway works and to generate electricity for the supply of light, heat and power, and with power to expropriate lands for the purposes of the company and to acquire lands, bonuses, privileges and other aids from any Government, Municipal Corporation or other persons or bodies, and to levy and collect tolls from all parties using and on all freight passing over any of such roads, railway, ferries, wharves and vessels, and with power to make traffic and other arrangements with railway, steamboat or other companies and for all other necessary of incidental rights, powers and privileges in that behalf.

Dated at Victoria, B.C., this 27th day of January, A.D. 1899.

ROBERT CASSIDY,
Solicitor for the Applicants.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I shall apply at the next sitting of the Court of License Commissioners for a transfer of the license now held by me, C. W. Cleminson, for the retail sale of wines and liquors and beers on the premises known as the Hall Saloon, Fort street, to E. G. Walker.

C. W. CLEMINSON.

Take notice that I shall, at the next sitting of the Licensing Board for the City of Victoria, apply for transfer of all my interest in the above license to Frederick Wilson Stubbs.

Dated this 26th day of January, 1899.

E. G. WALKER.

I concur in the above.

J. T. HOPPER.

.J. N. S. WILLIAMS,

ENGINEER,

Is prepared to supply and erect in working order Mining, Milling and Metallurgical Machinery by the best makers; Hand, Power and Diamond Rock Drills a specialty. Office: 34 Board of trade building, Victoria. P. O. Box 641.

ELECTRIC PARLORS.

Superfluous hair and facial blemishes, moles, warts, pimples and blackheads removed by electrolysis. Massage and vapor baths given at special rates. General tonic treatment for the cure of dandruff, prematurely grey and falling hair; also the best cosmetics and preparations in use for purifying and beautifying ladies' complexions. Room No. 2, 114 Yates street.

Jewelry, Watches, Clocks and Silverware

Can be bought at Stoddart's at prices (considering quality) quite as cheap as the Eastern houses advertise their goods. The customer in buying here will save freight, and if goods are found not satisfactory can obtain an exchange easier than sending goods back to Toronto, &c.

A FEW OF OUR PRICES:

Waltham Watches from	$ 5.00
Elgin Watches from	5.00
In Solid Silver Cases	6.00
Gents' Solid Gold Watches from	35.00
Ladies' Solid Gold Watches from	18.00
Jewelry at similar reductions.	
Diamonds set in solid Gold Scarf Pins from	2.00
Solid Gold Rings from	1.00
The handsomest Lady's Gold Ring ever sold for	2.00

STODDART'S Jewelry Store, 68-68½ Yates St

Cash purchaser of Nugget Gold to any amount.

ATLIN MINES.

Reliable information can be had by applying to

RANT & JONES,

Notaries, Mining Brokers and General Agents. | ATLIN, B.C.

NOLTE

GLASSES ADJUSTED. 37 EYES TESTED FREE.

FORT ST.

ANDREW SHERET,

102 FORT ST. Cor. Blanchard Telephone 646

Plumber

Gas, Steam and Hot Water Fitter

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U.S.A.

CURE YOURSELF!

Use Big G for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

Pacific Coast Steamship Co.



For San Francisco.

The company's elegant steamships QUEEN, WALLA WALLA and UMATILLA, carrying H.B.M. mails, leave VICTORIA, 8 p.m., Jan. 4, 9, 14, 19, 24, 29; Feb. 3, 8, 13, 18, 23, 28; Mar. 5, and every fifth day thereafter.

Leave San Francisco for Victoria 10 a.m., Jan. 1, 6, 11, 16, 21, 26, 31; Feb. 5, 10, 15, 20, 25; Mar. 2, and every fifth day thereafter.

FOR ALASKA.

The elegant steamships COTTAGE CITY, CITY OF TOPEKA and AL-KI leave PORT TOWNSEND, p.m., Jan 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30; Feb. 4, 9, 14, 19, 24; Mar. 1, and every fifth day thereafter.

The Steamer COTTAGE CITY will call at Victoria, B. C., p.m., for passengers and freight.

For further information obtain folder.

The company reserves the right to change without previous notice steamers, sailing dates and hours of sailing.

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents,
61 Wharf St., Victoria, B. C.
J. F. TROWBRIDGE, Puget Sound.
Supt. Queen Dock, Seattle, Wash.
GOODALL, PERKINS & CO.,
General Agts., San Francisco.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria, I, Romano Quaglotti, intend to apply for a transfer to Charles Poingdestre Le Lievre of the license now held by me to sell spirituous liquors by retail on the premises known as the "Horseshoe," formerly called the "Nickel Plate."

ROMANO QUAGLOTTI.

Dated the 23rd day of December, 1898.

Reserve, Cassiar District.

Notice is hereby given that all Crown lands situated in the Bennett Lake and Atlin Lake Mining Divisions of Cassiar District are reserved from pre-emption or sale until further notice, excepting such parcels as may be offered for sale at public auction.

C. A. SEMLIN,
Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works.
Lands and Works Department, Victoria, B.C., 13th December, 1898.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

PRIVATE BILLS NOTICE.

The time limited by the Rules of the House for receiving petitions for Private Bills will expire on the 16th day of January, 1899.

Bills must be presented to the House not later than the 26th day of January.

Reports from committees on Private Bills will not be received after the 2nd of February, 1899.

Dated this 20th day of November, 1898.

THORNTON FELL,
Clerk Legislative Assembly.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY CO'Y.

NOTICE.

The advertised year and conditions for acquiring the surface rights of mineral claims having expired on June 1st, prospectors and miners can still make arrangements for acquiring the same by personal or written application to the company's land office, Victoria.

LEONARD H. SOLLY,
Land Commissioner.
Victoria, B.C., June, 1898.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

(Re John Partridge, Deceased.)

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that by an order of the Honorable Mr. Justice Drake, dated the 15th day of December, 1898, Jane Irving Partridge was appointed administratrix of the estate of John Partridge, late of the city of Victoria, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are requested to send same to the undersigned on or before the 18th day of March, 1899; and all persons indebted to the said deceased are requested to pay the amount of their indebtedness to the undersigned forthwith.

McPHILLIPS, WOOTTON & BARNARD,
Bank of Montreal Chambers, Victoria, B.C., Solicitors for Administratrix.

Charles Hayward,

(Established 1867).



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ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

Made from pure grape cream of tartar

MUSIC.

BY MODERATO.

During the past week there have been three musical events, two in memory of the lamented Bobby Burns, and the third an entertainment provided by the ladies of the Reformed Episcopal church, and which took place in the A.O.U.W. Hall. Of the first, Mr. J. G. Brown's concert in the Presbyterian church, I can only say that, unfortunately for myself, I was unable to be present. Mr. Brown's Burns concerts are invariably a success and a feature of the musical year.

On Wednesday evening a Burns anniversary concert was given under the auspices of the Sir William Wallace Society and direction of Mr. T. V. Twining, which proved highly enjoyable. It afforded those who appreciate good singing another opportunity of hearing Mr. Morse. His renditions of "The McGregors' Gathering, Flora McDonald's Lament, Corn Rigs and Scottish Blue Bells were all delightful. Mr. Morse's Scotch accent being particularly pleasing. Miss Nellie Lugrin sang "Comin' Through the Rye" very nicely, but her voice is at present not sufficiently developed to give this well known song the necessary verve or breadth of treatment. I say this in all appreciation for a voice that is pretty and extremely flexible, but lacking at present in fullness and expressive intensity. Her sister, who possesses a promising contralto, also contributed. Mr. Powell, for his violin solo, gave Raff's Cavatina, an old favorite that one never tires of hearing, but he was handicapped to a great extent by an indifferent accompaniment at the piano. The soloist was not in very good form and at times was rather uncertain. I missed the preliminary item on the programme, a solo on the bagpipes, on purpose. Not that I would cast any reflection on the abilities of the soloist, but I prefer to hear the instrument in question on the battlefield rather than in the concert hall.

On Thursday the ladies of the R. E. church provided an entertainment in the A.O.U.W. Hall, which drew a large audience. Apart from the usual long waits between the different spectacular events, the tableaux were beautiful and indeed deserve more notice than I am prepared to give, so I will confine my remarks to the musical portion of the programme. Dr. Robertson, who appeared in lieu of Mr. Sydney Morse, who had become suddenly indisposed, sang three times. I have already had occasion to refer to Dr. Robertson's singing, and from a critical standpoint I can only repeat that the existence of too much vibrato greatly mars an otherwise beautiful voice. At times it is not so apparent, but now and again, especially in the lower register, it asserts itself. Apart from this, there is in his voice that indefinite something that thrills one through and through in sympathetic response. Besides, he is gifted with intence musical sensibility and feels what he sings, "Bingham's Death of Nelson was hardly given with sufficient dramatic force, and the beautiful recitative at the beginning was omitted altogether. Miss Laura Loewen sang well, but not so well as I have heard her sing. She was more satisfying in her encore number, "Ben Bolt," though at the same time I do not think she infused much feeling into it. Mrs. Tompkinson delivered her recitations in grand style. Besides the historic piece entitled "The Relief of Lucknow," this talented lady gave the "Laird o' Cockpen" and Captain Wolley's really beautiful poem, "The Sea Queen Wakes," in so vivid a manner that the audience were completely carried away with enthusiasm. Mrs. F. B. Pemberton contributed a vocal solo in good style and the Misses Lugrin two duets.

I must not forget to remind music lovers of the approaching Choral Union concert, which will take place in the Institute Hall on Wednesday, February 1st. On this occasion Cowen's cantata, "The Rose Maiden," will be given with full chorus and orchestra. Among the soloists taking part may be mentioned Mrs. J. D. Helmcken, Miss Sophie McNiffe and Messrs. Barton, Griffiths and Russell. The music of this cantata is very dramatic and the orchestration particularly rich. I hope that a crowded house will mark the occasion and accord Mr. Greig and his co-workers a royal welcome on their initial appearance this season. MODERATO.

A man's wife should always be the same, especially to her husband, but if she is weak and nervous, and uses Carter's Iron Pills, she cannot be, for they make her "feel like a different person," so they all say, and their husbands say so too!

A small-gauge railway has just been laid between Dusseldorf and Crefeld for the conveyance of passengers and goods by electric traction. The distance between the two stations is fourteen miles, which the train takes thirty minutes to cover.—Lokal Anzeiger (Berlin).

Stop Coughing

Every cough makes your throat more raw and irritable. Every cough congests the lining membrane of your lungs. Cease tearing your throat and lungs in this way. Take

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

From the first dose the quiet and rest begin; the tickling in the throat ceases; the cough disappears.

Two sizes: $1.00; 50c.

Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Plaster should be over the lungs of every person troubled with a cough.

J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sporting Intelligence.

THE RING.

Denver Ed. Smith's Benefit.

It was a frost in more ways than one. Most of the time was taken up with bouts between newsboys and other infantry whose fists were encased in bolsters so the nippers looked like chickens behind a haystack. Then there were long waits, some of them more than twenty minutes, and no band or fiddler or pianny jammer to scatter some sort of noise among the weary watchers (a good many of whom had paid a dollar to see the show) on the benches. Jack Hayes acted as time-keeper, and the "Owd Toolip" as master of ceremonies. Bob's lectures on good behavior to the small fry round the stove near the front of the A.O.U.W. opera house, were the bright particular mirth-provokers of the evening, and his yells of "break away, there" to couples of sneezers, waist high to a short man, fetched the guffaw every time.

The first pair of gladiators to "put 'em on" were Willie Wugg and Tommy Blugg, the one "mysterious" and the other "terrible." At the call of time the aggregate of 110 pounds of juvenile boxer came together with a plunk like the opening of a fresh mucilage bottle, and biff, bang, slap, thump they went at it, without science and without fear. The time-keeper roared, Bob grinned and held his vest buttons, the audience was in fits, and the kid-comrades of the two crabs on the stage perforated the tobacco clouds which floated through the hall, with whistles, howls and shrieks of pure delight. Tommy Blugg uncorked an inferior brand of Medoc in deference to a hot hook on the smeller delivered by Master Wugg, and his face became not unlike the sample end of a Bologna sausage, such as one may see exposed to view in butcher shop windows. Wugg, animated by his success, plugged Blugg like any thug, and the third round was what the fry round the tin heater called "hot stuff." Wugg fairly won the belt (if his father were to find out what he had been about last night he would get the belt, too), and Blugg got glory as well as gory.

The next pair were something more in the line of genuine sports from the mauling academy. One was alleged to be 'From Victoria; a pretty boy, weighing 105 pounds and dressed in a la mode de P. R.; that is, tights from toe to collar-bone. He was faced by a young fellow alleged to be from San Francisco; a Roman nosed, fair-haired youth, with a look that indicated he had a bit of a temper, and had a general acquaintance with the noble art of "lamming 'em in good and hot from the factory." The 'Frisco boy was said by the Toolip to weigh 120 pounds, but he did not look so much heavier than the Victoria handsome. "Time" saw them shape up in a style that quieted the audience, for they could see this pair were neither Wuggy nor Bluggy. 'Frisco had the genuine gait of the Pacific club punchers—a two-handed, loose-guard, and lightning double punch for the head. His style was very pretty. Should say he was the prettiest boxer took those boards last night. Victoria stood him off like a little man, though. He was always there with a cuff on the lug whenever the 'Frisean supped down his slanting guards and stood a second out of play. Vic's throat guard was neat, but rather slow as a general thing. His ducks, slips and side-steps were very smooth; in fact they were down 'Frisco towards the end of the second round. 'Frisco was like Niagara Falls, a good deal, he was wasting a lot of force upon the desert air, while his vis-a-vis was steadily propping him into the invalid's easy chair with vicious little jabs to the breathers, till one could hear the 'Frisco boy's lungs complaining like a pair of superannuated bellows in a blacksmith shop. Then 'Frisco, in response to a pressing invitation from Vic, set 'em up in good red Burgundy free and steady from that Roman rose. This made the close of the second round like a storm sunset; for it got on the gloves and from there to various parts of the anatomy. The third round opening found 'Frisco's beak still copiously decanting and the man weakening fast. 'Frisco got wobbly, his attacks lost pith, and by the wind-up it was easily Vic's battle.

The successors of those taught-boxers were two hayseeds in day clothes and loughing boots—a couple of mugs, who mixed up from the start like the ingredients in a sausage machine, without hesitation, shame or remorse for their violation of every rule known to boxing. They did everything but kick, and their clowning brought screams of laughter from the crowd in the hall. Even the rat terrier with the sore eye, on the rickety steps leading to the stage, barked at them and looked as if she would like to bite their calves. It was hard hitting, though, when any of their swings landed, and gore was also brought to the surface for inspection.

Next came Hill and Quinn, of Victoria, in an exhibition of some new kind of athletic exercise, distantly and very faintly resembling boxing. They did it in street costume, too; so, whatever it was it can't be much of a game. It served, however, to vary the monotony of so many boxing bouts.

Next came the great, big, celebrated, jolly, Denver Ed. Smith in three rounds with a party by the name of the "Terrible Swede." The latter gentleman, so far as boxing is concerned, should certainly add Turnip to his name. The contrast between him and the Hercules of the Colonist hotel was funny. Denver Ed. has the physique of a Spartacus, a real gladiator; his chest and arms are models for a sculptor or a painter; his action in boxing is still full of the lithe grace of the panther, and his blows are, as of old, stunners when they land. The "Terrible Swede" has arms like the stem of a churchwarden pipe, a chest that leads one to think he must have spent a long time lying on and trying to look round a barrel, collar bones you could hang towels on to dry, but good, strong legs, a neck showing great undevelopment, and in boxing the gait of a rheumatic turkey out for a sun bath. It was a contrast too much for the audience's funny bone. They laughed. Denver Ed. played with his frightened man as if he had bought him in an athletic goods store and could smack him without regard to the rubber fastenings. It was a burlesque of the burlesque. In the second round Denver Ed. picked out a nice soft spot on the planks and kerplunked the Terrible one somewhere about the southwest section of the jaw. The Swede went down with a slam, and some thought he had located a placer claim, he took so long to leave off inspecting the country down there. There was a goose-hunt after that, Denver Ed. doing the tally-ho act round the stage. Ugh!

Next, after a lengthy interval and a bout by a couple of clowners, came the famous old Billy Hawkins, champion lightweight of Canada, never defeated and hero of a hundred stiff battles. His opponent was the same "Terrible Swede," of whom Denver Ed. made such a show. Billy can't help smiling: Nature gave him a mouth that mutinies against Billy's attempts to look serious; it breaks out all the time and the old man's face beams like a picture of the sun in an old-fashioned almanac. He is as lively now, in his somewhere round sixty, as most men are at thirty, and his boxing style is all right. He funnied the Swede the round through, although the "Terrible" fellow got in some pretty good ones, too. They got hearty "here's-to-you" at the finish, and Billy's smile departing reminded one of the going down of the sun in the tropics.

Then came together the two giants, Patsy Cardiff, up from Portland, Ore., to oblige his friend Smith with a three-round go. Patsy is putting on beef very fast, but his action yet is really surprising. His left hand jolt would stagger a steer, and his feet are still as good at breaking ground as they were ten years ago. For a man but of condition he made a capital show against Smith. The latter's style and form, however, showed that Mr. Jeffries, of 'Frisco, will run up against no pudding when he encounters the Victoria heavyweight. Smith's blows are tremendously strong, and he is in fine condition. He ought to give the 'Frisco giant the fight of his life.

It is rather a pity the benefit last night was not better arranged, and that so much mere clowning and so little genuine boxing was permitted. When men pay a dollar they expect to see some pretty good sparring, and while the work of the 'Frisco boy, Smith, Hawkins and Cardiff was excellent, still there was far too much of the other sort of thing. Care should be taken by the managers of those athletic carnivals to see that the boxing is not forced out of sight by the clowning.

YACHTING.

The American Cup Defender.

Bristol, R.I., Jan. 28.—The wooden mould around the keel of the new cup defender was removed yesterday, and it was found to be perfect to all exterior appearance. The work of bending on the keel frames will now commence.

CRICKET.

Australians to Visit America.

New York, Jan. 27.—The Australian eleven, after playing a season in England, will return home by way of San Francisco, and will play a series of matches in America. The itinerary of the visitors will probably include three games in Philadelphia and one each in New York and San Francisco.

ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL.

The Columbias defeated No. 4 Company, Boys' Brigade, in a friendly game at Beacon Hill this afternoon. The score was three to nil.

HOW IT HURTS.

Rheumatism, with its sharp twinges, aches and pains. Do you know the cause? Acid in the blood has accumulated in your joints. The cure is found in Hood's Sarsaparilla which neutralizes the acid. Thousands write that they have been completely cured of rheumatism by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

HOOD'S PILLS are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla. 25c.

PERSONAL.

J. H. Smith, of 'Frisco, is at the Driard.

A. Urquhart, of Comox, is at the Oriental.

L. Newman, of Vancouver, is at the Wilson.

Miss Highton, of Nelson, is at the New England.

Mrs. A. F. Delin, of Portland, is at the Occidental.

J. Hume, of Lake Bennett, is staying at the Wilson.

James Tyson, of 'Frisco, is a guest at the Victoria.

S. E. Bent, of the ship Laurelbank, is at the Victoria.

Miss S. Hunt, of Portland, is staying at the Oriental.

J. R. Dayton and wife, of Quincy, are at the Driard.

Chas. E. Peabody, of Seattle, is staying at the Driard.

D. M. Brogan, hotel-keeper of Atlin, is at the Victoria.

Arthur L. Campbell, of Seattle, is a guest at the Victoria.

E. Boss, the well known mining investor, is at the Driard.

H. H. Godfrey, of Toronto, is staying at the New England.

Charles L. Alston, of Glasgow, is staying at the Victoria.

M. S. Soule, of Vancouver, registered last night at the Oriental.

Hon. Mr. Mappin, wife and child, are guests at the Victoria.

E. L. Reichenback, of Seattle, registered last night at the Oriental.

Captain Armstrong arrived from Vancouver by the Charmer last evening.

L. A. Lewis and wife, of New Westminster, are guests at the Victoria.

Sydney Astor, steward of the Badminton, Vancouver, is a guest at the Dominion.

R. W. Sands, Governor Marsden, London, England, is a guest at the Driard.

W. S. Laurens, the popular manager of the Queen's, is confined to his bed with a severe attack of la grippe.

W. Baillie, of Fort Steele, the opposition candidate for East Kootenay in the last campaign, is staying at the Dominion.

Wm. Nelson, of Juneau, and in the old days well known in Cassiar, is stopping at the Angel hotel. He says Atlin is not a Klondike, but it is a good camp and will pay wages to a great many men.

DATES OF BIG INVENTIONS.

The air-brake was invented by Westinghouse, 1874; the torpedo by Bushnell, 1777; watch by Peter Hele, 1477; thermometer by Drebel, 1609; telescope by Lippersheim, 1608; printing by Gansfleish, 1438; microscope by Jansen, 1509; cotton gin by Eli Whitney, 1793; lithography by Senefeldor, 1798; lighting rods by Franklin, 1752; gun powder by Schwartz, 1320; balloon by Mongolfier, 1783; barometer by Torricelli, 1643.

Communication from Messrs. Marion & Marion, solicitors of patents and experts, New York Life Building, Montreal.

The old, old story he told me again—
No breathing of love's tender lay,
But his old romance to hold off the bill
He had promised so often to pay.
—Chicago Record.

PASSENGERS.

Per Str. City of Kingston from Sound—M G Hall, Jas Tyson, H Dewal, Miss Dewal, J H Spear, G W Roberts, J W Fay, J B Wilson, Gus Shaun, J R Dayton and wife, Mrs Jas Peck, F Simmen, H Keating, A R Moore, E L Deichenback, Miss L Adams, A L Campbell, Mrs F Ayder, Robt Hall, Capt Gray, Wm Farr, I. Brown, Mrs W L Klasey, Chas Butler, W H Soule, W Nelson, Mrs Delim, L A Lewis and wife.

Per Steamer Charmer from Vancouver—J R Tite, A P Horne, Mr Morley, A R Green, G A Boult, Jno Boyd, Byron Johnson, E Mahon, M Gilmour, A F Crickmay, L McLean, J Rodinberger, Mrs Banta, W Lervey, W H Dempster, Col Pearse, Capt Armstrong, O C Buscombe, Mrs Vincent, Miss Lawson, R G Fitzgibbons, Wm Wornald, C E Smith, H H Godfrey, C J Williams, Geo Aftes, P Ross, A R Barrow, Miss Maguire, James Horne, Thos McNutt, Mrs F Frick, Eliza Schroder, Miss Hudgon, Mrs Barrow, Mr Green, Phil Smith, Mrs Wood, R Beauchamp, J McHardy, J McDonald, R W Sims, Chas Alseon, A Urquhart, J Miller, Mrs Hall, A Halgrave, Miss Findlay.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Str. City of Kingston from Sound—Henry Young & Co, W & J Wilson, Pither & Leiser, Vancouver Gas Co, E H C Co, S & I, E Co, R P Rithet & Co, F R Stewart & Co, Colonist Pub Co, Greenwood, Smith & R, R Robb, Mrs A L Kneder, M R Smith, Wm Braid & Co, Oppenheimer Bros, F Fillon, Hudson's Bay Co, F A Small, J J Mulholland, G Marsden, L Jones, C A Haynes, J Tolfish, Agt G N Ex Co, Johns Bros, Brown Bros, G E Munro & Co, J Renouf, A Robertson, R H Jameson, McIntosh & McC, Sinclair & Co, Hickman Tye H Co, H E Levy, H Jackson, G E Munro & Co, L Goodacre, R W Jeffries, Bank B C, Valo & Brooks, C A Welsh, O S Oman, A W Knight, E N Hibben, Book & News Co, Pictoria Y T Co, H Cribbs, G C Hinton & Co, E R Watson.

Per Steamer Charmer from Vancouver—Turner Beeton & Co, Lenz & Leiser, E M Fort, J H Baker, Sing Lee, Simon Leiser Co, C H Godson, Jas Hutcheson & Co, J H Baker, W G Cameron, Victoria Shoe Co, Johns Bros, Henderson Bros, J H Baker, R H Jamieson, Patton & Son, J Maynard, J Fullerton, H Hancock, W A J Wilson, Hudson's Bay Co, G R King, Simon Leiser, Ying Chong Ling, St Ann's Academy, J Henderson, Martin & Robertson, C A Lombard, Victoria-Yukon T Co, G E Munro, J C Haynes, L F Wallenstein, A Sheret, E G Prior & Co, Turner Beeton, J W Mellor, J Meston, Thos Cunningham, J Johnston, B C Electric Ry, S Schoen, L Dickinson, A Garland, F Lovick & Co, Dominion Express Co.

BIRTH.

McRAE—In Victoria, on the 27th inst., the wife of Geo. McRae, of a son.

DIED.

KEEFE—At the family residence, Cameron street, on the 27th inst., James Stanley Keefe, aged 33 years and 8 months, a native of Oxford, Nova Scotia.

The funeral will take place on Sunday at 2:30 p.m. from the S. A. barracks. Friends will please accept this intimation.

Must not be confounded with common cathartic or purgative pills. Carter's Little Liver Pills are entirely unlike them in every respect. One trial will prove their superiority.

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A GOOD DOCTOR

for chronic and nervous diseases. Sensible men, who do not desire something for nothing and who condemn the reckless claims and glaring advertisements put forth by so many medical concerns, should write to Dr. Bobertz, who is widely and favorably known throughout the Dominion and whose treatment is conceded both scientific and successful. INSTRUCTIVE BOOK FREE. Address as above. Secrecy assured.

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Corner Broad St. and Trounce Ave.

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HARRY SALMON'S. THE CORNER.

JUST ARRIVED EX CITY OF FLORENCE.

CHOICE LINES OF

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New Mackerels in kits and hf. bbls.
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New Oolicans in 25 lb. and 50 lb. kits.
Scaled Herrings in boxes.
Eastern Bloaters in boxes.
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SIR W. P. HOWLAND, President. J. K. MACDONALD, Managing Director.

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CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

COAL.

The undersigned has opened a Branch Coal Office at W. T. Drake's old office on Wharf st., near New P. O. Coal of best quality, full weight and prompt delivery.

WALTER WALKER.

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